THE ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS

No. 1153.—VOL. XLI.] SATURDAY, JULY 12, 1862. TWO SHEETS, SUPPLEMENT, AND COLOURED SUPPLEMENT } TENPENCE

ROYAL MARRIAGES.—PRINCESS ALICE.

If there be one feeling in reference to the Royal family of England more prevalent than another it is that they are essentially a part of the domestic life of the country. It was owing to this that a singularly deep emotion pervaded the land when the eldest daughter of the Sovereign took upon her the character of a wife, and there was produced a tender sympathy with her at that turning-point of her life which came straight from the hearts of every father and mother in the kingdom, and which it was supposed at the time could not by any possibility be equalled, far less exceeded. In the comparatively public character of the ceremonial of the marriage of the Princess Royal the stronger and more demonstrative sensibilities of sympathetic thousands had a field for their open development. It was a gratification to the more robust part of the population to give vent to hearty cheers, and it was in the power of every one in the vast crowd which lined the streets to witness the unostentatious progress of the newly-wedded Prince and Princess through the metropolis to utter aloud that Godspeed which was welling up in the hearts of every one. Everything which could contribute to the exhibition of genuine interest was present and brought into operation, and altogether there was such a combination of pathetic feeling and joyous congratulation that every one was probably surprised at their emotions, and would not readily have believed that they could ever again be as strong or stronger on a Royal wedding-day. Nevertheless, many if not most of us were mistaken; for we will venture to assert that as much emotion was felt, though more solemn and single in its nature, on the occasion when, under peculiar circumstances, the next of our young Princesses married, with the approbation and the sympathy of the whole country. This marriage was, if possible, a still more special appeal to the English domestic feeling to which we have alluded; for, while it was understood to be altogether gratifying to the parents of the Princess, it had about it even more the appearance of one of those marriages of affection which are generally denied to the children of Kings. By so much the more that it contrasted in point of worldly advantage and brilliancy of connection with the match of the Princess Royal was it considered to partake of the essential qualities of a good English marriage. In respect of the union itself, therefore, there was everything to rejoice in; and it was rejoiced in;

THE MARRIAGE OF PRINCESS ALICE WITH PRINCE LOUIS OF HESSE-DARMSTADT: ST. CLARE, ISLE OF WIGHT, THE TEMPORARY ABODE OF THEIR ROYAL HIGHNESSES AFTER THEIR MARRIAGE.—SEE NEXT PAGE.

but it was with a singularly grave, tender, and silent congratulation.

In this case the wooing of the Prince and Princess, happy in its essentials, was chastened by long waiting and their hopes were disciplined by disappointment. It was their lot to have their marriage more than once postponed from causes which were sorrowful and sad in the highest degree; and when the moment for the celebration of the marriage ceremony arrived grief had not melted into the abyss of time, and the chartered gaiety of nuptials was a thing that could not be expected to exist. It has been said that sorrow binds hearts together more surely than joy, and, if so, the start in married life of Princess Alice was marked by more than sufficient gravity, and illustrated by more than ordinary solemnity and depth of feeling. When the intelligence was made public that a union which had been delayed because Death had bid Marriage to wait was about at last to take place, it was not forgotten that, in the moment of deep affliction which fell upon the Royal household, Princess Alice moved like a ministering angel amidst the scene of sorrow and desolation; that it was she who watched by her father's dying bed, who alone thought of summoning her elder brother thither, who sustained and spoke comfort to her mother, and who did not hesitate to put aside her own interests and feelings for the sake of the other mourners under a grief in which her own share might have seemed to be sufficient for her own endurance. It is thus that we know this Princess; and it is with more than ordinary fervency that we wish her that chastened and subdued happiness in her new sphere of married life which alone she can enjoy until Time, the healer, has caused the keen grief of a daughter who has lost, at an early age, a father whom she could not but honour as much as she loved, to subside into a cherished memory.

And what of the Prince to whom England has committed so sacred a trust as the welfare and happiness of one of her daughters whom she loves well? At best we know that Prince Louis of Hesse was the deliberate choice of the Prince Consort; and on his judgment in the selection of a husband for his child, as in most other things, this country reposes the utmost confidence. We therefore accept personally the stranger amongst us, readily and cheerfully, upon the faith of him who chose and approved of him as one who was to have held the nearest and most delicate relations towards him. A word or two with regard to his antecedents and position may not be out of place in a number of our Journal in which a large space is occupied by illustrations connected with the marriage of Princess Alice. There are so many German principalities which bear the name of Hesse that it is not easy at once to fix the family to which the Princes of that name belong. There is Hesse-Cassel, which is the Electorate; and Hesse-Darmstadt; and Hesse-Homburg, which are distinguished in common parlance by the addition of the chief town of each; but the titles of the respective Princes do not strictly bear these additions. Hesse-Darmstadt, to which the husband of our Princess belongs, is a Grand Duchy. The house of Hesse-Cassel is connected with the Royal families of Prussia and Denmark and with the Royal family of England in the person of the Duchess of Cambridge, and one of the Landgraves of Hesse-Homburg married Elizabeth, eldest daughter of George III. Prince Frederick William Louis, whom we may call our Prince of Hesse, is the eldest son of Prince Charles William Louis, brother of the Grand Duke Louis III.; and, as that Sovereign has no children, his Royal Highness (as he has just been created by our Queen) stands in direct succession to the Grand Duchy. The Grand Duke, although standing only ninth in the list of Princes represented in the German Diet, is a Sovereign of some consequence. The population of his State is considerable, being about half that of Hanover or Norway, or Wurtemberg, and about six times that of the Duchy of Saxe-Coburg. They are divided into three departments, each containing nearly 300,000 persons, the total population being just over 850,000. Many thriving and pleasant towns are comprised in the Grand Duchy. In the first place there is Darmstadt, the capital; then there is Giessen, known as the resort of men famous for chemical science; Birgen, charmingly situated on the Rhine; Offenbach, on the Maine, near Frankfort; Worms, one of the most ancient of European cities, and the name of which is inseparably connected with the history of the Reformation; and Mayence, the point at which the principal fortress of the German Confederation is placed. In most respects it is a goodly land to which our Princess is to be transplanted, but, as is believed, not wholly. It is pleasing to the people of England to know that the Princess of Hesse will ere long return and remain amongst them; and we doubt not that when the time arrives at which she will emerge from the necessary seclusion that at present enshrouds our Royal family, and, accompanied by her husband, appear in the familiar haunts of this great city, they will be welcomed not the less warmly because, in the one case, no positive alienation from her own country will have taken place, and, on the other, because a foreign Prince whom we are prepared to respect has accepted a practical naturalisation amongst us.

This second marriage in our Royal family cannot but suggest a comparison, so far as it goes, with the course of matrimonial events in the case of the children of the last Sovereign who were married and given in marriage. It is not necessary to do more than to hint that the marriages of the children of George III. were in most instances unfortunate. The restrictions imposed by a Royal marriage law which a supposed necessity of exclusiveness had created in a previous reign, not being tempered with judgment and regulated feeling, caused the matrimonial arrangements of the generation of Princes and Princesses which has only just passed away to work uneasily and unsatisfactorily, and one has often heard tales of suffering and disappointment, and even of despair, which a factitious state of things entailed on persons who, if they were of Royal blood, were still human beings, endowed with all the feelings and passions of the race of man. Now, it is to be hoped that in the marriages of the children of Queen Victoria we shall see the Royal Marriage Act a dead letter in every sense of the term. As yet all has gone well, because a wisdom and a judgment which are unhappily lost to the others was exercised in the two instances which have occurred. It is probable, indeed inevitable, that the next Royal marriage in England will be that of the Heir to the Throne of this realm. It is believed that, as regards his future bride, the far-seeing eye of his father had made its choice. If so, there is little to be feared for the result; for no doubt the same course will be pursued in his case as in that of his sisters, and due care will be taken that inclination and affection are consulted before all other considerations. The Prince of Wales is happy in having received an education, and, to use a homely but expressive phrase, a bringing up which has not fallen to the lot of any proximate Sovereign of England. The special adaptation of his training to the spirit of the age in which he lives is obvious. By one of the sad accidents of human existence he has been early called to turn his mind to the serious business of life, and he has already learnt as much of his duties as he knows of his rights. Ere long it will probably be necessary for him to exercise one of these duties—that of setting an example of household and married life to the country in which he holds so conspicuous a place, and, if there be any faith to be placed in the principles and practice of the culture and training which he has received, he will certainly not be found wanting in this respect.

ST. CLARE, ISLE OF WIGHT.

AFTER the marriage of Princess Alice with Prince Louis of Hesse the Royal bride and bridegroom retired to St. Clare, at Spring Vale, the residence of Colonel and Lady Katherine Vernon Harcourt. The Tudor style of Gothic predominates in this castellated mansion, the grounds of which are laid out in the most approved modern style. A view of no common beauty from the keep-tower completes the attraction of this delightful seat. Spring Vale is about three miles from Ryde, and St. Clare was one of the places looked over by the Queen and the late Prince Consort when they were in search of a residence in the Isle of Wight. Lady Katherine Vernon Harcourt is a daughter of the late Earl of Liverpool, a nobleman who in his lifetime was especially honoured by the Queen's regard and friendship. When Sir Robert Peel was forming his Administration, the only stipulation made by the Queen on the construction of the Government was that the Earl of Liverpool should hold a high office in her household. "It is (says the *Court Journal*) perhaps quite as much from these old feelings of friendship for the family as on account of the beautiful situation of St. Clare itself that it was selected by the Queen for the honeymoon of the Prince and Princess." The stay of their Royal Highnesses was brief at St. Clare, as on Friday last they returned to Osborne. It is stated that the Prince and Princess intend to reside at Frogmore, and Clarence House, St. James's, which the Queen has placed at their disposal.

FOREIGN AND COLONIAL NEWS.

FRANCE.

The Emperor and the Empress have quitted Fontainebleau on a tour through the departments of the Nièvre, Puy de Dôme, and Cher. Their Majesties have been received with enthusiasm in their progress. They made their entry into Nevers on Monday in the midst of an immense concourse of the population. On Tuesday the Emperor and Empress arrived at Clermont-Ferrand after a stay of some hours at Riom. The *Moniteur* publishes the following account of their Majesties' journey:—"The reception of the Emperor and Empress at Riom and Clermont has been most enthusiastic. Those two towns rivalled each other in showing their affection and devotedness to the dynasty. As at Nevers, all the communes, preceded by banners and conducted by their Mayors, passed before their Majesties with indescribable enthusiasm, the filing-off lasting four hours. The Emperor and Empress, deeply touched by those sincere demonstrations, remained until the last of the deputations had passed. The health of his Majesty is perfect. The Empress, although still indisposed, took her part in the fatigues of the day."

Count de Morny has been created a Duke by the Emperor.

Wednesday's *Moniteur* contains a decree appointing Rear-Admiral Bonard to the rank of Vice-Admiral.

Admiral Jurien de la Gravière has left for Cherbourg. General Forey will embark for Vera Cruz on the 20th inst. The *Constitutionnel*, in a semi-official article, indicates a further change in the Imperial policy in Mexico. It is stated that the "actual object" of the expedition was to obtain satisfaction for injuries done to French interests, and to cause the honour of the French flag to triumph. "A triumph for our arms," concludes the writer, "will be the reparation for our just grievances."

The celebrated Duke Pasquier died last week, at the age of ninety-six, having been born on the 22nd of April, 1767, and having passed, in the course of his long life, through many of the highest offices of the State—Councillor of State, Préfect of Police, Minister, President of the Chamber of Peers, and Chancellor of France. Our Obituary column, at page 58, contains a brief memoir of the deceased Duke.

Public attention is now fixed on the trial of Vassel, Miot, Greppo, and others, for belonging to a secret society. Under the pretence of raising funds and men for Garibaldi's army, they are accused of plotting against the Emperor and his Government, which they intended to overturn. The secret society trial, as it progresses, discloses some very curious facts; and the manifesto of Vassel, which sets forth the views of the conspirators, shows that the wildest dreams of the revolutionary period are still indulged in.

It is stated that deputations from the millowners of Rouen and Lille have waited upon the Emperor Napoleon for the purpose of representing to him that the dearth of cotton will compel all to close their mills and some to stop payment, and of urging him to devise some remedy for their distress.

PORTUGAL.

The King has formally announced to his Ministerial Council his approaching marriage with the daughter of the King of Italy. The marriage will take place, it is believed, in the end of September, and the King of Portugal himself will proceed to Turin for the purpose.

The Government intends to effect a new loan of £2,000,000 sterling in London.

ITALY.

In the Chamber of Deputies, on Sunday, Signor Ratazzi emphatically renewed his former denial that the French Cabinet had ever proposed that the Italian Government should take a part in the expedition to Mexico. There was, Signor Ratazzi said, no foundation whatever for the rumours which had been circulated on the subject.

A telegram from Naples brings a rumour of the death of Chiavone, the celebrated brigand chief. A desperate combat is said to have taken place between his band and a body of French troops in the Picco Mountains. The brigands were defeated, and Chiavone was killed.

There has been a strike of workmen at the Naples dockyard, necessitating the intervention of the National Guard, by whom order was re-established.

HANOVER.

A royal rescript has been issued, proroguing the Chambers for an indefinite period. It is doubtful whether they will reassemble in the autumn, as differences of opinion on that point exist in the Ministry.

SWEDEN.

The King is about to pay a visit to the capital of Denmark. He is expected to arrive in Copenhagen on the 15th of the month, and the city of Copenhagen is to give a splendid banquet in honour of the Royal guest and of its own Sovereign.

Sweden is entering into the movement of commercial progress which is stirring State after State through Europe. A Swedish journal announces that an official belonging to the department of Foreign Affairs at Stockholm has started for Paris to prepare the way for the negotiations which are to be opened for the conclusion of a treaty of commerce with France.

RUSSIA.

Almost as soon as the Grand Duke Constantine arrived at Warsaw to assume the Viceroyalty of Poland an attempt was made to assassinate him. On Thursday week, after the Grank Duke had quitted the theatre and while he was stepping into his carriage, a man named Jaroszinski fired a revolver at him. The ball grazed the Grand Duke's shoulder-bone, but the wound was so slight that he was able to transact business on the following day, and his health, according to an official telegram, "continues in the most favourable condition." The assassin was immediately arrested; but it is not known whether he alone formed and executed his design, or whether he had any accomplices.

The Grand Duke has opened his administration rather promisingly. He received a deputation from the clergy and the authorities on Sunday, and spoke to them frankly and generously regarding the recent attempt upon his life. He stated that he did not attribute that attempt to the inhabitants of Warsaw, and added that, even were there any reason to connect it with an organised conspiracy, it would nevertheless occasion no change whatever in the carrying out of the political programme already determined on for the Government of Poland. The Grand Duke shook hands with Count Zamoyski, the popular patriot, and invited his assistance in carrying out the reforms which the Emperor has accorded. So far the Grand Duke seems inclined to act towards the people placed under his Government in a liberal and kindly spirit.

AMERICA.

By the arrival of the Etna and Nova Scotian we have news till the 1st inst.

BELLIGERENT OPERATIONS.

The Confederates had made another onslaught on the right wing of the Federal army before Richmond. On the 26th ult., the Confederates having been reinforced by General Stonewall Jackson, attacked the Federals with heavy force. After two days' hard fighting General M'Clellan found it necessary to withdraw his forces across the Chickahominy, evacuating White House, but saving all the materiel stored there. His army is now massed between the James and Chickahominy Rivers, with the former as a base of operations.

The forces of Generals Fremont, Banks, and M'Dowell have been consolidated into one army, and General Pope has been assigned to the chief command. General Fremont asked to be relieved from his command because of this arrangement. President Lincoln acceded to his request, and appointed General Rufus King in his place.

The Southern account of the sharply-contested battle before Charleston has been received. The Confederates claim the victory. Their account is as follows:—

A severe battle took place on the 16th on James Island, four miles from this city (Charleston). Five regiments of Federals, with artillery, attacked our batteries at Secessionville. Colonel Lamar commanded the Confederates, and with a few hundred men repulsed the enemy three times with great slaughter. The enemy fought bravely, but were defeated. Our victory was complete. The enemy's loss is supposed to be about 400, including forty prisoners. Our loss was 40 killed and 100 wounded, including one Colonel. We buried on the field 100 Federals.

The Federal accounts admit the defeat and acknowledge a loss of 660 killed, wounded, and missing. The Federals were obliged to retreat under cover of their gun-boats. It is stated that General Benham will be court-martialled for disobeying orders in attacking the batteries before Charleston.

It is reported from New Orleans that Fort Morgan, at the entrance to Mobile Bay, had capitulated to Commodore Porter.

On White River, in Arkansas, four gun-boats and a transport, having on board one regiment, engaged and captured two batteries, with a loss of 150 men scalded or drowned by the blowing up of a gun-boat. The Confederate loss was about the same. The White River is now open to commerce.

WASHINGTON.

President Lincoln had sent to the Senate a treaty made by Mr. Corwin, the American Minister in Mexico, loaning to the Government of Juarez 11,000,000 dols.

The War Department, in order to stimulate recruiting, had offered 2 dols. premium and one month's pay in advance to all recruits.

The Post-office Department has concluded an arrangement with the Hamburg, Bremen, and Liverpool lines of steamers by which the fastest steamers of each of those lines are accepted for the United States' mail service throughout the year, thus securing a fast steamer for the conveyance of the mails, on Saturdays from New York, and on Wednesdays from Southampton or Liverpool. This arrangement had long been pressed on the department by the commercial interests.

In the House of Representatives, the bill for the further issue of 150,000,000 dols. in Treasury notes was passed by 76 against 46. The Senate's amendments to the Pacific Railroad Bill were concurred in. The House also concurred in the Senate's amendments to the bill prohibiting polygamy in the territories. The offence is punishable by a fine not exceeding 500 dols. and imprisonment for five years. A bill "increasing temporarily the duties on imports" has been reported by the Committee of Ways and Means: it largely increases the duties on iron, ironware, coal, drugs, dry goods of all kinds, fancy goods, and miscellaneous articles generally.

The provisions of the Confiscation Act are very sweeping. They confiscate the slaves of all persons engaged in the military or civil service of the Confederate or separate State Governments of the Seceding States.

NEW ORLEANS.

General Butler is still carrying things with a high hand in this city. Four men have been hung for falsely representing themselves as Federal officials, and in this character searching houses and stealing articles therefrom.

The controversies with the foreign Consuls continue. General Butler lays down the law that no foreigner has a right to buy sugar of "rebel" owners and pay for it by bills drawn on England. General Butler desires that the Consuls should not unite to present joint and argumentative protests to him. The Consuls have unanimously protested against the oath demanded by General Butler of foreigners. General Butler defends the course he has taken, and politely suggests that if foreign residents do not like the treatment they receive they can leave the country, which they were never invited to visit.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The judgment against the British steamer Circassian declares that papers were found on board giving conclusive proof of an intention to run the blockade.

As the municipality of Norfolk still refused to take the oath of allegiance to the Federal Government martial law had been proclaimed.

The people of Illinois, by direct popular vote, have adopted amendments to their Constitution which prevent negroes and mulattoes from settling in that State.

Gold had risen to 9¼ premium.

CANADA.

General rains throughout the entire breadth of the province had relieved the public anxiety concerning the state of the crops, which (with the exception of hay) were at last accounts promising favourably.

INDIA.

The news brought by the Bombay mail is not of striking importance. There had been some heavy storms which had caused great damage to the opium crop, the falling-off in the out-turn of which would occasion a deficiency of more than a million and a half sterling in Mr. Laing's estimates. The Indian community had become less anxious about the state of affairs in Cabool, now that it appears that the Persians are not mixed up with it, and that the war is a mere family quarrel between Dost Mahomed and his son-in-law, Sultan Ahmed Jan. The former had reached Candahar, and had expressed his determination not to halt till he reached Herat. There was some apprehension in the north-west of India of a rising of the native population, as it was reported that chupaties were again being cir-

culated; but no great importance appears to be attached to the rumour at Bombay or Calcutta. The supposed Nana, it is said, is to be set at liberty.

CHINA.

We have news from Shanghai to May 21. We seem to be engaged in a little war in China—this time the Imperialists being our allies. Nangpo and Tsangpou are said to have been wrested from the Taepings and restored to the Imperialists. Admiral Protet had been killed. The position of Shanghai does not appear to have been considered very safe, for native troops had been sent for from India to protect it.

FORT PILLOW.

WE give, at page 37, two Illustrations by our Special Artist of this important stronghold—by some esteemed the strongest position on the Mississippi—which the Confederates abandoned on the 5th ult. Some particulars of the strength and position of Pillow are given by the correspondent of the *New York Tribune*. "The Bohemians," he says, "were early on the ground, and began rambling up and down the Bluff, through ravines and over hills, examining the batteries, the deserted camps, and the ruined barracks, sketching the situation, entering magazines, and doing all the necessary but disagreeable duties that appertain to their avocation. The situation of the Mississippi at Pillow is most favourable for defence. The river at Craighead Point makes a very sudden bend, running nearly north and south, and narrowing so remarkably that at the lower end of the works it is not more than half a mile wide, and at their first batteries is about three-quarters of a mile; bringing all boats within easy range of their guns, and rendering their escape almost an impossibility. Below the point there are two large sandbars which render navigation quite difficult. The fort, by which I mean the series of fortifications, is on the first Chickasaw Bluff, is composed of nine different works, extending about half a mile. The bluff is some 80ft. high, very precipitous and rugged, furnishing an excellent location for defence. The works erected at the base of the bluff and on the bank, at some distance from the river, are very well and carefully built for about fifty guns. The country about the fort is exceedingly uneven and rough, and presents the most formidable obstacles to pedestrians everywhere. There are deep ravines, steep ascents, wild gorges, sudden and unexpected declivities on every hand; while in the rear of the fort there is an unbroken line of heavy and carefully-built breastworks, some seven miles in length, to resist any and all attacks by land. These breastworks are far superior, considering their length, to any others which I have seen during the war. Usually they are merely thrown-up embankments of earth; but these are regularly and scientifically made, with broad parapets, heavy escarpments, and counterscarps neatly lined with timber and firmly secured by deeply-driven posts."

THE FARM.

THE agricultural community are scarcely back from Battersea, and plunged into weather embarrassments with their hay harvest, ere the chronic tap of the auctioneer's sale and letting hammer calls them once more round the ring. For Cotswold men have countless letting fixtures next week. On Tuesday Mr. John Tombs lets at Hatherop, near Fairford; on Wednesday Mr. Gillett meets his friends for the twenty-second time at Minster Lovell, near Witney, with rams to let of the "usual grey character and heavy wool," and forty theaves for sale; on Thursday Mr. Lane, of Broadfield, near Northleach, who won five prizes and two "private gold medals" at Battersea, has his letting; his neighbour, Mr. Robert Garne, claims Friday; on Saturday Mr. W. Smith sells fifty shearling Cotswold greys at Bibury Farm, near Fairford; and Mr. John Bryan, of Southleigh, near Witney, takes a wider range, and asks friends to see his Oxford shearlings on any Friday during the season. Mr. Strafford has also his hands full; and Mr. Atherton's sale at Speke, near Liverpool, on Tuesday, and Mr. Wright's, of Sigglesthorne, near Hull, on Thursday, will be followed by three others before the 2nd of August. Mr. Surtees's sale brought out the Bates blood pretty strongly this spring, and high anticipations are formed of the Speke average. The day has been judiciously chosen, being that before the Liverpool Cup, and we may expect a strong gathering round the ring. About fifty head will be sold, amongst which are the Cherries and Finellas lately purchased from Mr. Bolden, some Gwynnes, Lady Barringtons, Wild Eyes, and other tribes. The cows and heifers are chiefly in calf to the Duke of Wetherby, a son of Duchess 77th, and the famous Grand Duke 3rd will be offered with his two sons Grand Duke 5th and 7th. Mr. Atherton has been known for some years past as one of our most spirited shorthorn buyers, and the winner of an immense number of prizes in Lancashire and elsewhere.

Mr. Sanday's sheep sale had not a large but a very business-like attendance. Sir Tatton Sykes did not come, as was at one time hoped; but Yorkshire showed up in good force, and, saving Mr. Thunder, very few of the principal Leicester flock-masters in England and Ireland were absent. The Marquis de Peralles also attended with some of his Spanish friends and bought five shearlings. The sale of seventy-two rams produced £1905 15s., making an average of £26 9s. 4½d. Of this the thirty shearlings averaged £24 19s. 9d., the twenty-two two shears, £30 14s. 9d., the twelve three shears, £26 3s. 3d., the five four shears, £24 3s., and the three five shears, £15 1s. Mr. Torr, of Aylesby, presided at the luncheon, and bought three sheep, one of them the first prize shearling at Canterbury (34gs.), rather crippled, but still a beautiful sheep. The third prize shearling at Battersea beat the first by 9gs. (more perhaps through the inadvertence of one of the bidders than anything else), and went to Mr. Borton. Mr. Wippell gave 60gs. for a two shear, and Mr. Hall, jun., of Scarborough (who bought two other sheep), 68gs. for the third Leeds shearling, and Mr. Stamper 50gs. for the second; but the great fight was for the gold-medal ram at Battersea: Mr. Borton, Mr. Turner, jun., and Mr. Cresswell all had a turn at him, but Colonel Inge's agent outlasted them and got him for 140gs. Mr. Cresswell revenged himself by giving 70gs. for a three shear, and Mr. Turner, jun., 41gs. for a Battersea-commended one of the same age. About 250 ewes and some 30 rams of Mr. Sanday's, are to be sold the week before the St. Leger, and next year the shearlings for the third sale will come up, with luck, about 150 strong, and principally by the gold-medal sheep. The day, with the exception of a slight drizzle shortly after the sale had begun, held up well; and there were buyers from sixteen English counties, as well as Spain and the county of Cork.

Gold in paying quantities has been discovered in the river Saskatchewan, in British North America.

News received at Ragusa from Montenegro states that an important battle took place on Monday near Spuz, in which the Turks, commanded by Abdi Pacha, were beaten.

Hassan-Ali-Khan, Persian Minister at the Court of France, has arrived at Berlin from Paris. He is charged to deliver to King William I. the declaration of the Order of the Lion and Sun.

The State apartments of Windsor Castle will be closed on Monday, the 21st, and Tuesday, the 22nd inst. They will be reopened, under the usual regulations, on and after Thursday, the 24th inst.

The *Berne Gazette* states that the tunnel under Mont Cenis has now reached a length of 1180 metres on the Italian side, the works proceeding at the rate of seven feet per day. On the side of Savoy, where 400 metres have been tunnelled, the works, momentarily interrupted, have been resumed since the 1st inst.

We learn from a Valparaiso paper that twenty-five whalers had arrived at Talcahuano. The southern farmers have commenced planting all sorts of cereals, but particularly wheat, and to a much greater extent than in late years. A project for a railroad from Chillan to Concepcion is in contemplation.

REVENUE.—A return issued on Tuesday of the total gross and net amounts of the income of the United Kingdom in each of the years 1831, 1841, 1851, and 1861 shows the following results—In 1831 the gross revenue (after deducting drawbacks, &c.) was £54,811,325; the net revenue (after deducting charges of collection), £51,097,381; the population, 24,392,845; and the amount of gross revenue per head of population, £2 4s. 11½d. In 1841 the gross revenue was £51,693,510; the net revenue, £48,144,500; the population, 27,036,450; and the amount of gross revenue per head of population, £1 17s. 2½d. In 1851 the gross revenue was £57,431,797; the net revenue, £53,327,838; the population, 27,724,849; and the amount of gross revenue per head of population, £2 1s. 5d. And in the year 1861 the gross revenue was £70,569,986; the net revenue, £65,989,262; the population, 29,340,252; and the amount of gross revenue per head of population, £2 8s. 1½d.

METROPOLITAN NEWS.

Miss Burdett Coutts, in Stratton-street, Piccadilly, on Monday night received a numerous and brilliant company, on the occasion of the conversazione of the Society of Antiquaries of London.

The beautiful grounds at Holly Lodge, Highgate, were yesterday week generously thrown open by Miss Burdett Coutts to the visitors of Highgate Horticultural Show.

The annual examination fête for the distribution of prizes in connection with the Warehousemen and Clerks' Schools took place last Saturday in the grounds of the institution, Queen's-road, New-cross. Lord Brougham presided.

One of the most difficult pieces of work on the Metropolitan Railway—viz., the formation of a tube over the line as well as over the tunnel now forming for the Finsbury Junction at Frederick-street, Bagnigge Wells-road, for the purpose of carrying off the waters of the Fleet sewer—was completed yesterday week.

The annual festival in connection with the Commercial Travellers' Benevolent Institution was held at the Crystal Palace on Saturday last under the presidency of Alderman Sir James Duke, Bart., M.P. The subscriptions of the evening amounted to £331 8s., among which was a donation of £10 10s. from W. G. B. Gunton, Esq., treasurer and founder.

A full-length marble statue of the late Dr. Todd was formally uncovered on Thursday week, in King's College Hospital, by Mr. W. Cotton, in the presence of a large number of the friends of that eminent physician and good man. Mr. Cotton announced that the surplus of subscriptions had further enabled the committee to award annual prizes for clinical medicine, to consist of a bronze medal and books to the value of £4.

A correspondent of the *Times* suggests to persons on hiring a cab to look at their watches and ascertain the exact hour, and if they pay the cabmen after the rate of 6d. for every seven minutes and a half occupied in their journey they may be quite sure that they will have paid him more than his legal fare, as no cab travels through the crowded streets of London at the rate of eight miles per hour.

Last week the births of 715 children—862 boys and 853 girls—were registered in London. In the ten corresponding weeks of the years 1852-61 the average number (corrected) was 1684——The deaths in London that ended last Saturday were 1159. The mortality was rather higher than it had been since May. The average number of deaths for corresponding weeks of 1852-61 (corrected) is 1134.

On Monday evening the mansion and grounds of Fitzroy Park, Highgate, the seat of Lord Dufferin, were the scene of great festivities, at which about 700 noble and fashionable guests were present, as also many distinguished foreigners with whom his Lordship was in communication during his diplomatic mission to Syria. Covers were laid for 200 in a large and handsomely-decorated marquee.

On Monday morning a foreign nobleman, said to be one of the suite of Prince Napoleon, was plundered, while passing from the Thames Tunnel to the adjacent steam-boat pier, of his pocket-book, containing a £50, two £10, three £5 Bank of England notes, two notes, 1000f. and 500f., of the Bank of France, and a 100-florin Austrian bank-note, and about £11 in gold and silver, the thieves getting clear away with their booty.

At the weekly meeting of the Commissioners of Sewers, held on Tuesday at Guildhall, Dr. Letheby, the medical officer, reported that the markets and slaughter-houses had been duly inspected during the week, and that the officers had seized 2071lb. of meat as unfit for human food, 1382lb. were diseased, 663lb. were putrid, and the rest was from animals that had died from natural causes. It consisted of 7 sheep, 1 calf, 2 pigs, 14 quarters of beef, 24 joints of veal, and 40 head of poultry.

The Crystal Palace presented an animated and interesting sight on Tuesday, in the presence of about 3000 of the charity-school children of the metropolis, who were taken there to enjoy a summer holiday. The day was beautifully warm and bright, and the effect both upon the children and the numerous visitors was in the highest degree enlivening. Ample provision was made for the enjoyment of the young folks, and the musical arrangements in which they took part were most praiseworthy.——The rose show drew a large company to the palace on Saturday.

The conversaziones of the Society of Arts, always attractive, have this year a special interest, and the one which took place on Wednesday night at the South Kensington Museum was amongst the most brilliant of the season. The attendance was very large indeed, and included a whole host of celebrities. The court containing the collection of art-treasures on loan was thronged throughout the evening. Of "distinguished foreigners" the number was legion, and specially noticeable amongst them were several of the Parsee ladies and gentlemen in London.

The Viceroy of Egypt was entertained on Saturday last at a banquet given by the Lord Mayor in the Egyptian Hall of the Mansion House. The company included a large number of distinguished personages. In responding to the toast of his health, the Viceroy spoke very warmly of the hospitality and kindness which he had received since he came to England. Mr. Disraeli, in a genial speech, responded to the toast of the House of Commons; and amongst the other speakers was M. Chevalier, who, as a juror of the International Exhibition, acknowledged the toast of their healths.

A gathering of the Bible women of London took place yesterday week in the grounds of Mr. Henry Ford Barclay, of Walthamstow. One hundred and seventy-two of these humble workers among the poor, together with their lady superintendents and Mrs. Ranyard, the originator of the movement, were present. After a bountiful dinner, provided in a large marquee, the Bible women had a rich treat in wandering through the gardens, greenhouses, &c. After tea addresses were delivered by Lord Shaftesbury, Lord Radstock, and others. A large number of the gentry were present, upon whom Lord Shaftesbury urged the pressing call that exists for a more liberal support of the Bible-women's Mission.

The long-agitated question of a new bridge at Blackfriars has at length been settled. There was for a long time a dispute whether the bridge should have three or five arches, and, after a division was made in favour of the larger number, there were five designs sent in at an estimated cost varying from £230,000 to £308,000. The choice of a large majority of the Common Council has fallen on the design of Mr. Cubitt, the span of whose centre arch is 189ft., the side arches 176ft., with a headway above high water of 27ft. The estimated cost is £265,000. On Monday Messrs. Peto and Betts, the contractors for the bridge, commenced its construction. It will require twenty months to complete.

At a meeting of the Common Council on Thursday, at the Guildhall, the freedom of the City was presented to Mr. George Peabody in accordance with the terms of the following resolution, which had been carried in the Court a short time ago, on the motion of Mr. Deputy Reed:—"That the honorary freedom of the Corporation of London, in a gold box of the value of 100 guineas, be presented to Mr. George Peabody, an American citizen, in grateful recognition of his princely munificence in devoting the sum of £150,000 towards the relief of the needy and deserving poor of the metropolis, and of the Christian liberality of feeling which dictated that the fund thus created should be administered irrespective of considerations of nationality, party, or religious belief."

A conversazione was held on Tuesday evening at the hall of the Incorporated Law Society, under the presidency of the council. About seven hundred persons were present. A variety of interesting objects were exhibited in the rooms, there being a valuable display of ancient and modern engravings in the hall, some fine specimens of water-colour sketches by D. Cox, and some exceedingly clever ones by members of the society. In the library was a collection of autograph letters, historical and literary documents, with engraved portraits of the writers, and illustrated books, nearly four hundred in number, exhibited by Mr. John Young, and comprising letters from early English and foreign Sovereigns, statesmen, eminent naval and military commanders, and persons of distinction in public life.

The Royal Botanic Society of London held its third grand exhibition on Wednesday. It was numerously attended, nearly 12,000 visitors being present. The plants were arranged under the society's marquee. The exhibition of fruit was very choice. A novelty—a globular pine-apple, called the Prussian globe—attracted much attention. The general collection of flowers was good, the pelargoniums and orchids being well grown and very attractive. A fine collection of British plants was shown, and among the orchids were several specimens of the pitcher plant. The bands of the three Household Regiments—the 1st and 2nd Life Guards and the Royal Horse Guards Blue—attended, and played numerous operatic selections during the afternoon.

Two trials for murder, both of them possessing a melancholy interest, took place at the Central Criminal Court on Wednesday. Mrs. Vyse was placed at the bar on the charge of having poisoned two of her children, and James Lawrence for shooting, in a fit of jealousy, a young woman to whom he was paying his addresses. Both prisoners had added to their crime by attempts to take their own lives. The cases of both were patiently examined by the respective juries. That on Mrs. Vyse acquitted her on the ground of insanity; and though the jury rejected that plea in the case of Lawrence, and found him guilty, yet they added to their verdict a strong recommendation to mercy on the ground that, though sane, he was in a high state of excitement at the time of the murder.

The half-yearly general court of the Royal Humane Society was held on Wednesday, at the offices, Trafalgar-square, Mr. B. B. Cabbell in the chair. Mr. Young, the secretary, having read the minutes of the previous court, the silver medal was awarded in five cases in which persons had risked their own lives in rescuing others. The report stated that the number of general cases which had been brought under the cognizance of the society since December last was 86, of whom 81 persons had been successfully treated, but five were beyond recovery; eight persons had attempted suicide during the same time, but had been saved by the vigilance of the officers of the society.

THE NATIONAL RIFLE ASSOCIATION PRIZE-COMPETITION AT WIMBLEDON.

THE third national rifle-contest, held under the auspices of the National Rifle Association, has been going on during the past and present week at Wimbledon. For the most part the weather has been unfavourable. The ground appropriated to the contest is the same as for last year's, with the exception of a trifling extension on the eastward. Where the common lies open it is surrounded by a wooden fence, around which policemen patrol to prevent intruders from climbing over, and so obtaining entrance to the ground without payment of the preliminary shilling—a payment, however, from which volunteers in uniform are exempt. General Hay, Inspector-General of Musketry at Hythe, acts as general director of the shooting arrangements, which are more particularly under the supervision of Captain Page. Lord Elcho, Earl Ducie, Colonel Kennedy, and Lord Grosvenor act on behalf of the council of the National Rifle Association. Lord Radstock, Colonel Gladstone, Captain Templar, and Major Bernes superintend the statistical department; Captain M'Kaye has charge of the firing parties; and for everything there seems to be a directing body or a directing head. The number of butts is upwards of fifty, several having been added since last year—the ranges varying from 200 to 1000 yards. An encampment has been established on the ground, consisting of the ordinary hill tents of the British Army, and about 200 volunteers have availed themselves of the accommodation thus afforded. This encampment is under the command of Colonel Luard, Deputy-Inspector of Volunteers. A detachment of Foot Guards are also encamped on the south side of the inclosure ready to act as markers, and for general fatigue duty.

The value of the prizes competed for amounts to nearly £3000, being an excess of some £500 over last year, when the aggregate value was only about £2500. Of these the principal is the "Queen's prize" of £250 for which there were nearly 1100 entries. Under the head of "Queen's prize" there are also several minor prizes. Thus the "first stage" includes twenty Whitworth rifles, value 25 guineas each, and the silver medal of the National Rifle Association for the best shot of the twenty winners, to whom the contest for the Queen's prize itself will be restricted, as well as for the gold medal of the association which will accompany it. Another great object of competition was the St. George's challenge vase, value £250, presented for annual competition to the volunteer battalions of Great Britain by Lieutenant-Colonel Lindsay, on behalf of the members of the St. George's Rifles. The Prince of Wales gave a prize of £100 (cup or money); there are further the Albert prize of £100, presented by the association; the Duke of Cambridge's prize of £50, the Duke of Wellington's prize of £50, Lord Vernon's prize of £50, Messrs. Eley's prize of £105, the Elcho challenge shield, the Earl of Dudley's prize of £50, and some other prizes; and, in addition, the Rifle Derby, open to all comers of all nations—which last year afforded valuable prizes to the three best shots.

An important alteration has been introduced in scoring, which appears to have given very great satisfaction. Bulls'-eyes as well as centres have been introduced in the first and second class targets, and hits are added to points in calculating the total score. The dimensions of the targets remain the same, but square bulls'-eyes and centres have been substituted for circulars as formerly. Bulls'-eyes count three, centres two, and outers one.

A novelty in pool-shooting is the introduction of what is termed the running-deer target, designed to test the skill of the rifleman at a moving object. The "running deer" consists of a full-sized model of a red deer, constructed of plate iron, which slides in rails down an incline from one mantlet and up by its own impetus to the back of another, some fifteen or twenty yards distant. The deer acquires velocity as it descends, which proportionately diminishes as it mounts the incline on the opposite side. The riflemen who try their skill at this novel mark choose the moment that the deer is about to disappear behind the mantlet to deliver their fire. The charge for shooting at the "running deer" is 2s. per shot, whilst at all other pool-targets it is but 1s. The bulls'-eye is a circle of 8in. diameter, drawn in the fatal spot which deerstalkers always seek to attain, just behind the shoulder. If the haunch is struck the unskilful sportsman is fined 1s., which goes to the funds of the association.

The contest began on Tuesday, July 1, very quietly and without ceremony of any kind; nevertheless there was a fair show of volunteers on the ground. The only matches on the first day were the competition for the bronze medal of the association by the metropolitan rifle corps, the winner of the medal to be qualified for the Prince of Wales's prize, and the match between the Middlesex and Lancashire volunteers. For the bronze medal there were twenty-eight competitors, at ranges of 200, 500, and 600 yards, five shots each, points and hits included. It was won by Sergeant Bridgeman, of the West Middlesex, after a tie with Private Porter, of the 22nd Middlesex. The match between the Lancashire and Middlesex men was between ten men of each county. Lancashire won by eight points, scoring 870 against 862. Considerable amusement was caused by the firing at the running deer. This part of the shooting led to two accidents, which, however, were of a trifling character.

The second day (Wednesday) was considered as the commencement of the real and most important business of the meeting, the competition for the Queen's prize. At 9.30 the firing of a signal-gun announced that the operations of the day had commenced. Gradually, as the weather grew finer, little knots of spectators collected round the respective firing-stands, and towards the afternoon a number of ladies graced the ground with their presence. The shooting for the Queen's prize was the source of considerable interest, especially amongst the eleven hundred volunteers who had entered for this "blue ribbon" of Wimbledon. For the first stage of this prize Mr. Hays, of the 37th Middlesex (Bloomsbury), made the highest score, 18 points and hits; Mr. Cattle second with 17; whilst Mr. Ross, Lord Bury, and other crack shots, made but 15 and 14 points. In addition to the shooting for the Queen's prize, there was a brisk preliminary competition for the all-comers', the association cup, and some extra prizes. There was, besides, the usual run of pool-shooting.

Thursday, the third day, commenced with rain, which continued without intermission until nearly five o'clock, when it cleared up, and there was a tolerably fine evening; but it had a very prejudicial effect upon the day's shooting, which consisted chiefly of a continuation of the competition for the Queen's prize. The other competitions were for all-comers' prizes, at 200, 500, and 600 yards; the association cup; and extra prizes for small bores at 200 yards, and for 577 bores at 600 yards.

The first stage of shooting for the Queen's prize was brought to a conclusion on Friday, and the regulation by which all competitors who had not made eleven points and upwards at 200 and 500 yards ranges had so far reduced the number of competitors that the concluding stage was comparatively a matter of simple business. Shooting was resumed at the "running-deer" target, and whilst the veteran rifleman, Captain Ross, made some good hits in the right place, there were but very few bulls'-eyes obtained.

Several very interesting matches were decided on Saturday. There was first the contest between eleven members of the House of Lords and an equal number of members of the House of Commons. The Peers were victorious, beating their opponents by 62 points. Lord Wharncliffe made the highest score (47) registered in the match; the next in point of merit being Lord Bury, who made 46; Lord Vernon and Lord Abercorn each scored 45; Lord Ducie, 43; Lord Bolton, 42; the Duke of Marlborough and Lord Somers, 39 each; Lord Airlie, 37; and Lord Londesborough, 33. Among the Commons Lord Bury was followed by Lord Elcho, who scored 41; the next highest being Mr. W. E. Forster (Bradford), who marked 35. In the public schools' match Harrow was victorious. The Spencer cup was won won by Lord Eldon (Eton), and the Harold cup by Michells, 10th Stafford.

Much interest was felt on Monday in the final shooting to decide the ties for the Harold cup and the St. George's vase. The result of the tie-shooting for the St. George's was as follows:—

Ferguson, 1st Inverness	.. ..	Winner of vase and gold jewel of St. George.
Lees, Queen's (Westminster)	.. ..	Winner of silver jewel of St. George.
Hemery, 11th Middlesex	.. ..	Winner of the bronze jewel of St. George.

In the case of the Harold cup the tie-shooting presented the following results:—

Nichols, 10th Stafford	.. ..	Winner of Harold cup.
Gibbs, 1st Gloucester	.. ..	Winner of £35.
Hogg, 1st Peebles	.. ..	Winner of £15.
M'Gibbon, 14th Edinburgh	.. ..	Winner of £10.

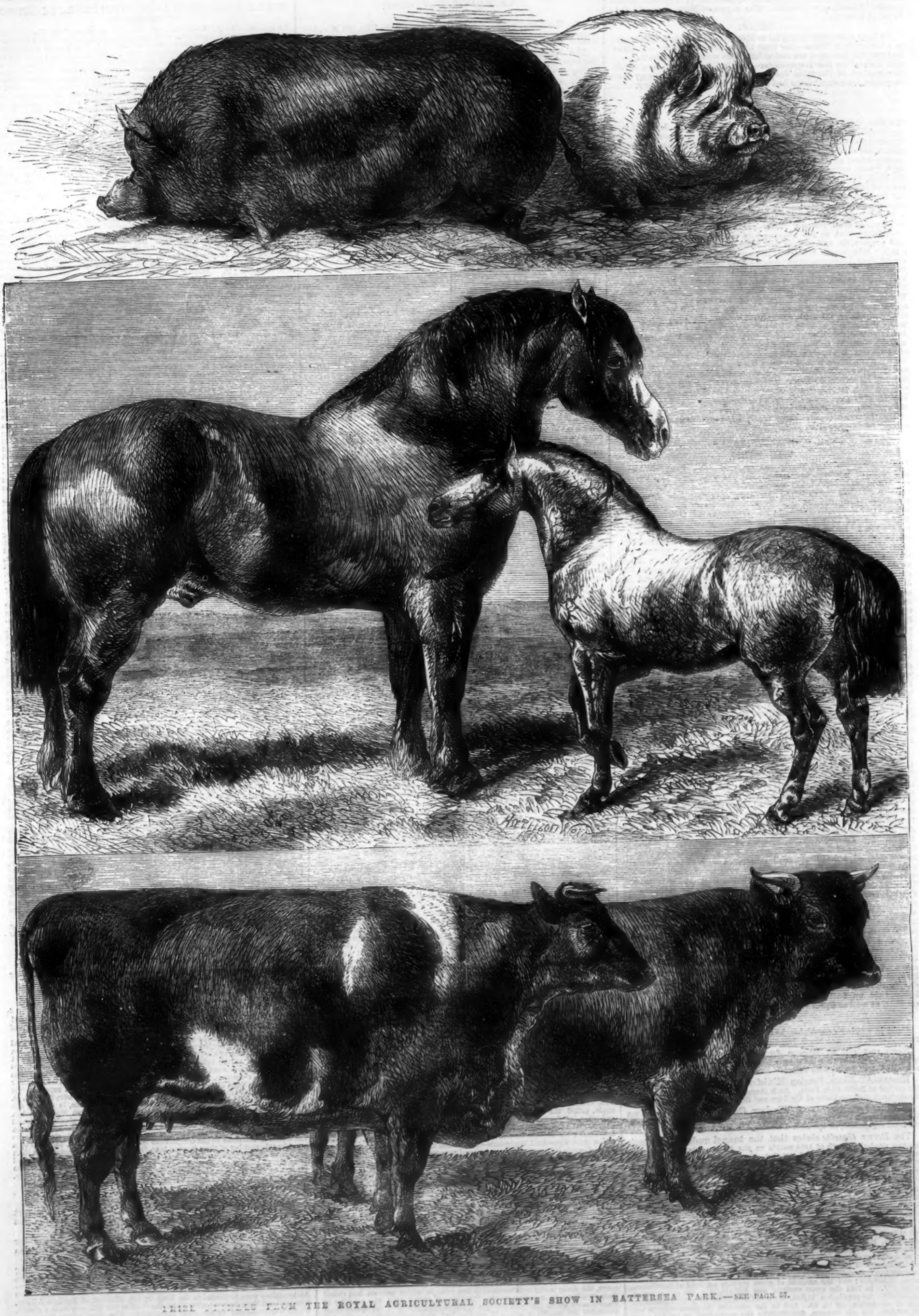
The event of the day was the match between the Universities of Oxford and Cambridge. After a keen contest Cambridge proved the victors by a score of 373 against 309 on the part of Oxford.

The principal event of the meeting was decided on Tuesday, when the final contest for the Queen's prize took place. It was won by Mr. Pixley, of the London Victoria Rifles, who at his last shot made a bull's-eye at 1000 yards, scoring 44 in all. As soon as the intelligence was communicated to the Victoria Corps encamped there was a rush en masse to the shooting-point. Mr. Pixley was seized by his comrades, mounted on their shoulders, and carried to their quarters amidst loud cheering. At the longest distance, says a reporter, "it was hard to believe that men could really distinguish what they were firing at. A casual observer felt under some difficulty, in the first instance, in making out the target itself; and the bull's-eye looked like the merest black smudge. But, with all these obstacles, and with a light so strong and glaring as almost to dazzle the eye, results were obtained such as might be expected rather from machinery than from human vision and nerves." An unfortunate circumstance has arisen in reference to the competitors for the Queen's prize, the rifles of a considerable number of them having been found to be of a narrower bore than is allowed by the regulations. Their owners—among whom is Mr. Edward Ross, the ex-champion—were therefore disqualified at an early stage of the contest, and much dissatisfaction has been the consequence. Mr. Eley's prize, value £105, was won by Lieutenant Ross, of Cambridge University.

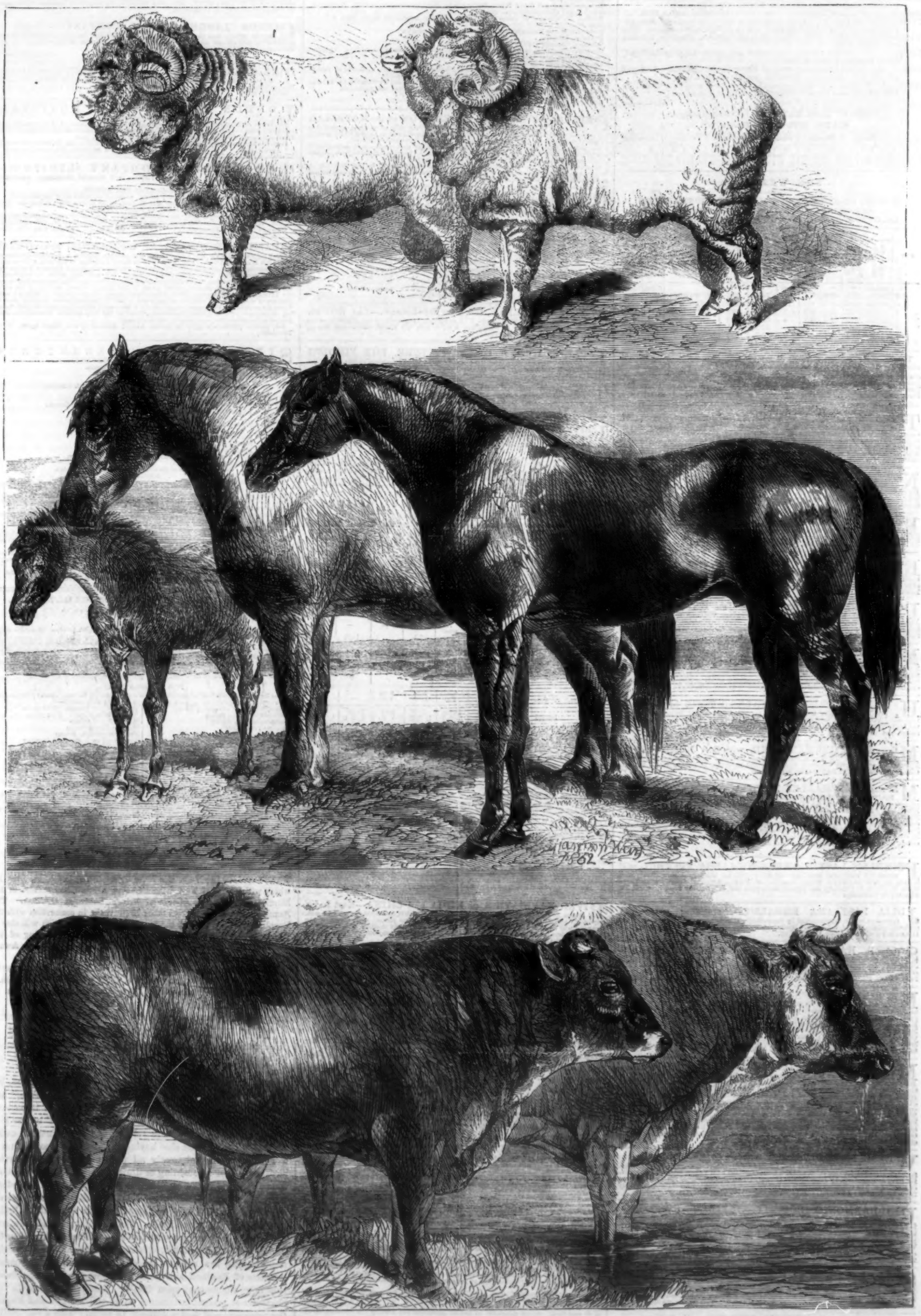
It has been proposed to appropriate a portion of the export duty on stone at Guernsey towards the promotion of public education in that island.

A Turkish war-vessel has ascended the Danube, bound for Belgrade. The Servian Government has protested against this act as a violation of the rights of the Principalities.

A letter from the Hague of the 4th says:—"The King received the Japanese Ambassadors to-day at a solemn audience. They were received at the palace with military honours, and complimented by the chamberlains on service, who conducted them to the audience-chamber. The Ambassadors were presented to the King by the Minister of Foreign Affairs, who read out their names; after which the chief of the Embassy read a speech, which was translated by the chief interpreter. The King's reply was translated into Japanese by Professor Hoffman. His Majesty expressed the desire of seeing the bonds strengthened which unite Holland to Japan. The departure of the cortège took place in the same order as the arrival."



PRIZE ANIMALS FROM THE ROYAL AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY'S SHOW IN BATTERSEA PARK.—SEE PAGE 37.



PRIZE ANIMALS FROM THE ROYAL AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY'S SHOW IN BATTERSEA PARK.—SEE PAGE 57.

CALENDAR FOR THE ENSUING WEEK.

SUNDAY, July 13.—Fourth Sunday after Trinity. Battle of Gravelines, 1558 (French defeated by Spaniards and English under Egmont).
MONDAY, 14.—The Bastille stormed: the French Revolution begins, 1789.
TUESDAY, 15.—St. Swithin, Bishop, flourished in the ninth century. Emperor Napoleon surrendered to Captain Maitland, of H.M.S. Bellerophon, 1815.
WEDNESDAY, 16.—Battle of Almanara, in Spain; General Stanhope defeated the French, 1710.
THURSDAY, 17.—Toulon severely bombarded and much shipping destroyed, by Sir Cloudesley Shovel, 1707.
FRIDAY, 18.—French invasion of coast of Sussex repelled, and ships destroyed off Isle of Wight, 1545. Moon last quarter, 5h. 13m. p.m.
SATURDAY, 19.—Battle of Halldown-hill. The Scots severely defeated by Edward III., and Edward Balliol made King of Scotland, 1333.

TIMES OF HIGH WATER AT LONDON-BRIDGE,
FOR THE WEEK ENDING JULY 19, 1862.

Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.
M h m 1 m 2 2	A h m 3 26	M h m 3 49	A h m 4 11	M h m 4 31	A h m 4 53	M h m 5 15
A h m 5 35	M h m 5 55	A h m 6 15	M h m 6 35	A h m 6 56	M h m 7 17	A h m 7 41

THE WEATHER.

RESULTS OF METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS AT THE KEW OBSERVATORY OF THE BRITISH ASSOCIATION.
Lat. 51° 28′ 6″ N.; Long. 0° 18′ 47″ W.; Height above sea, 34 feet.

DAY.		DAILY MEANS OF Barometer Corrected.	Temperature of the Air.	Dew Point.	Relative Humidity.	Amount of Cloud.	THERMOMETER Minimum read at 10 A.M.	Maximum read at 10 P.M.	WIND. General Direction.	Movement in 24 hours.	RAIN in 24 hours Read at 10 A.M.
		Inches.	°	°		0-10	°	°		Miles.	Inches
July	2	29·784	56·5	47·9	·75	8	56·1	69·5	SW. WSW. W.	392	·000
	3	29·863	49·6	46·7	·91	10	48·4	57·7	W. WSW. SSW.	175	·000
	4	29·868	56·2	45·1	·68	7	45·3	63·9	WSW. SW.	181	·237
	5	29·545	60·3	56·3	·88	8	51·8	70·3	ESE. S.	178	·025
	6	..	..	..	..	..	56·8	67·5	..	430	·234
	7	29·620	56·7	49·1	·78	8	55·0	63·9	SSW.	269	·020
	8	30·045	62·0	51·8	·71	..	52·9	71·0	W. WSW. SW.	222	·319

The following are the readings of the meteorological instruments for the above days, in order, at half-past nine a.m.:—

Barometer (in inches) corrected	29·776	29·698	29·604	29·620	29·447	29·435	30·012
Temperature of Air	60·4°	56·9°	57·9°	60·1°	62·0°	60·5°	62·4°
Temperature of Evaporation ..	57·0°	51·0°	52·3°	56·0°	57·7°	54·0°	57·7°
Direction of Wind	SW.	W.	WSW.	ESE.	SSW.	SSW.	W.

THEATRE ROYAL, HAYMARKET.—Enormous success of Mr. Sothern in his character of Lord Dundreary. "Brother Sam's Letter" nightly encored. The brilliant Perea Nena in her new Spanish Ballet every Evening. Mr. Buckstone as Asa Trenchard every Evening. MONDAY, JULY 14, and during the Week, to commence at Seven, with THE WOLF AND THE LAMB—Mr. Chippendale, Mr. Howe, Mr. W. Farren, Miss M. Oliver, and Mrs. E. Fitzwilliam. After, at Eight precisely, OUR AMERICAN COUSIN; with PEREA NENA, and FAMILY JARS—Mr. Compton, &c.

NEW THEATRE ROYAL, ADELPHI.—Sole Proprietor and Manager, Mr. B. WEBSTER.—On MONDAY and during the Week THE DEAD HEART. Robert Laundry (his original character), Mr. B. Webster; and THE SHILLING DAY. Messrs. J. L. Toole, F. Bedford, and Emery; Miss Latimer and Mrs. H. Lewis. Commence at Seven.

ROYAL ST. JAMES'S THEATRE.—Manager, Mr. GEORGE VINING.—MONDAY and during the Week, UNDER THE ROSE; the new Comedy, FRIENDS OR FOES—Mr. George Vining, Miss Herbert; PRINCE AMABEL, OR THE FAIRY ROSES—Misses Nelson, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Matthews.—Commence Half-past Seven

ROYAL LYCEUM THEATRE.—Sole Lessee and Manager, Mr. Edmund Falconer.—207, 208, 209, 210, and 211th Nights of the continuous and uninterrupted run of "Peep o' Day." On MONDAY and during the Week PEEP O' DAY; after which KILLARNEY. To conclude with THE COLLEEN BAWN SETTLED AT LAST.

POLYTECHNIC.—"What I Saw at the International Exhibition; or, Half an Hour's Advice to Intending Visitors," by Professor J. H. Pepper, F.C.S., A. Inst. C.E. New Lecture by J. H. Pepper, on Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at Half-past Twelve and a Quarter-past Seven, on "Some of the chief Scientific Specialities of the International Exhibition."

MR. ROBIN, the French Wizard, at the EGYPTIAN HALL, Every Evening at Eight (Saturday excepted), and Wednesday and Saturday at Three. The Soirées Fantastiques will comprise Mr. Robin's original and inimitable inventions. The "Sensation," produced since the 25th of last November, being upwards of 214 representations, is a sufficient guarantee of the excellence of his endless repertoire, which embraces every novelty in recreative art and science. Admission, 1s., 2s., 3s.

H. R. H. the PRINCE of WALES'S TOUR in the EAST and HOLY LAND, being the only accurate and truthful delineation of this interesting and historical journey, in addition to M. ROBIN'S MAGICAL WONDERS, at the EGYPTIAN HALL, EVERY EVENING, at Eight, except Saturday: Wednesday and Saturday at Three.

MR. and Mrs. GERMAN REED, with Mr. JOHN PARRY, in their NEW ENTERTAINMENT, Every Evening (except Saturday) at Eight. Morning Representations, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays at Three o'Clock. ROYAL GALLERY OF ILLUSTRATION, 14, Regent-street.

MR. and Mrs. CHARLES MATHEWS AT HOME AT HER MAJESTY'S CONCERT-ROOM, Haymarket, THIS DAY, SATURDAY, at Three, in an entirely new and original ENTERTAINMENT, written by H. J. Byron, Esq. Part I.—MY WIFE AND I. Part II.—A Romance of intense interest, yclept THE "SENSATION" POKE; or, The Maiden, the Manikin, and the Midnight Murderers, performed by a double company (two). Every Evening (except Saturday) at Eight; Saturday Mornings at Three. Places may be secured at the Box-office, from Ten till Five; at Mr. Mitchell's Royal Library, 33, Old Bond-street; at Austin's Ticket-office, St. James's Hall; and of all Booksellers. No charge for booking. Open at Half-past Two, carriages at Quarter to Five.
W. CORBYN, Acting Manager.

FRIKELL'S LAST NIGHTS.—WILJALBA FRIKELL will repeat his wonderful entertainment of NATURAL MAGIC, at the ST. JAMES'S HALL, EVERY EVENING (except Saturday) at Eight. Saturday Afternoon at Three. Stalls, 3s.; Area, 2s.; Gallery, 1s. Tickets at Chappell and Co.'s, 50, New Bond-street; and at Austin's, 28, Piccadilly.

JULIA PASTRANA EMBALMED, standing erect and dressed as in life, is pronounced by the medical profession to be the greatest scientific curiosity ever exhibited in London. Burlington Gallery, 191, Piccadilly. Open daily from 11 a.m. to 9 p.m. Admission, One Shilling.

SACRED HARMONIC SOCIETY.—EXETER HALL.—Conductor, Mr. COSTA. Mendelssohn's ELIJAH will be performed on FRIDAY, JULY 25. Full particulars and Tickets will be ready on Monday next. Parties in the country desirous of securing Tickets should forward post-office order payable to Mr. James Teck. Stalls, Half-a-Guinea; Gallery Tickets, Five Shillings; Unreserved, Three Shillings

MR. SIMS REEVES'S ANNUAL CONCERT will take place on WEDNESDAY EVENING, JULY 23, at EXETER HALL, when (in addition to a highly attractive programme) will be performed "MAZEPPA," a New Cantata, composed expressly for this occasion by Mr. W. Balfe. The following artistes will appear:—Mdme. Lemmens-Sherrington, Miss Palmer, Mr. Stanley, Mr. Charles Hallé, Mr. Frank, and Mr. Sims Reeves. Full Band and Chorus. Conductor—Mr. M. W. BALFE. Stalls, Half-a-Guinea; Reserved Area, 5s.; West Area or Gallery, Half-a-Crown. Tickets at Cramer, Beale, and Wood's, 201, Regent-street; Chappell and Co.'s, 50, New Bond-street; and at the Office of the Sacred Harmonic Society, Exeter Hall.

MONDAY POPULAR CONCERTS.—ST. JAMES'S HALL.—In consequence of the extraordinary demand for places at the Concert of last Monday, July 7, and in order to accommodate those who were unable to obtain admission, the director begs to announce that he will give TWO MORE CONCERTS (the 101st, and 102nd, and positively the Last of the Season) as follows:—On MONDAY EVENING, JULY 28, the programme, chosen from the works of all the Great Masters, and performed on the occasion of the director's benefit, will be repeated, by general desire. On TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 29, there will be a Beethoven Night, by general desire. Pianoforte, Mr. Charles Hallé; Violin, Herr Joachim; Clarinet, M. Lazarus; Violoncello, Signor Piatti. Vocalists: The Sisters Marchisio, Miss Banks, Mr. Sims Reeves, &c., &c. Conductor, Mr. Benedict. Sofa Stalls, 5s.; Balcony, 3s.; Admission, 1s. Tickets may be obtained of Messrs. Chappell and Co., 50, New Bond-street.

WELSH MELODIES, with Welsh and English Poetry, by JOHN JONES (Talhaiarn) and THOMAS OLIPHANT (Hon. Sec. to the Madrigal Society), arranged for One Voice, and also harmonised for Four Voices, with accompaniment for Harp or Pianoforte, by John Thomas (Pencerdd Gwalia), Professor of the Royal Academy of Music, &c. The collection complete in two volumes, price One Guinea each, or separately, 2s. each.—London: ADDISON, HOLLIER, and LUCAS, 210, Regent-street, W.

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.—JUBILEE CONCERT.—ST. JAMES'S HALL, MONDAY EVENING, JULY 14, at Eight o'Clock. The directors have the satisfaction to announce that Mme. Lind-Goldschmidt and Mlle. Titiens have kindly consented to sing, assisted by Mr. Sautley, Mrs. Anderson (pianoforte), her last public performance; Herr Joachim (violin), and Signor Piatti (violoncello). Conductor, Professor W. S. Bennett, M.D., who has composed an overture expressly for this occasion. Full orchestra and chorus. Stalls, Balcony, or Area, 21s.—ADDISON, HOLLIER, and LUCAS, 210, Regent-street, W.

ST. JAMES'S HALL.—MONDAY, JULY 14.—Mdme. Lind-Goldschmidt, Mlle. Titiens, Mr. Sautley, Mrs. Anderson (her last performance), Herr Joachim, and Signor Piatti. Full orchestra and chorus. Conductor, Prof. W. S. Bennett, M.D. The programme of the Philharmonic Jubilee Concert can be obtained at ADDISON, HOLLIER, and LUCAS, 210, Regent-street; where Tickets also can be had.

THE NATIONAL CHORAL SOCIETY will SING in the ROYAL HORTICULTURAL GARDENS, South Kensington, THIS DAY, at Five o'Clock. Admission Five Shillings.

CRYSTAL PALACE.—Week ending Saturday, July 19, 1862. Open at Nine. Admission, Monday to Friday, One Shilling; Saturday, Half-a-Crown; children half-price.
Orchestral Band and Great Organ Performances daily, commencing at 12.30. Display of Fountains, and all the usual attractions.
Monday, Distribution of Prizes of the National Rifle Association by the Duke of Cambridge.
Wednesday, Great Fountains and Entire Series of Waterworks.
Thursday, Blondin.
Saturday, Dramatic College Bazaar and Fancy Fair.
Great Picture-gallery of original works by the best masters on view and sale. Victoria Cross Gallery of War Pictures by Desanges. Photographic Exhibition. Fine-arts Courts, Thousands of Flowers in Full Bloom.
In the Exhibitors' Department strangers to London will find on sale all kinds of manufactured articles in the greatest variety and of the choicest description.
The China, Glass, Stationery, French, Industrial, Furniture, and Foreign Courts, and the Carriage Department will be found worthy the attention of visitors and purchasers.
Sunday, open at 1.30 to Proprietors gratuitously by ticket.
Season Ticket, One Guinea each, available till April 30, 1863.

CRYSTAL PALACE.—The PRIZES WON at the NATIONAL RIFLE ASSOCIATION MEETING at WIMBLEDON will be publicly presented to the successful competitors on the Great Orchestra at the Crystal Palace, on MONDAY NEXT, JULY 14, by his Royal Highness the Duke of Cambridge, Commander-in-Chief.
The Handel Orchestra will be appropriately decorated for the occasion, and such general arrangements made that 20,000 visitors or more may see and hear the interesting proceedings at this day's great national ceremonial with ease and comfort.
To afford all classes the opportunity of attending, the admission will be One Shilling. A limited number of Reserved Seats will be issued at Half-a-Crown each. These may be had at Exeter Hall, or at the Crystal Palace.

CRYSTAL PALACE.—The GREAT FETE, FANCY BAZAAR, with a profusion of Dramatic Entertainments, sustained by the most popular artists of the day, will be held at the Crystal Palace on SATURDAY the 19th and MONDAY the 21st of JULY.
For particulars see special advertisements.

HORTICULTURAL GARDENS.
WEEK ENDING JULY 19.

Monday	..	Admission 1s. 0d.	.. Open at Nine.
Tuesday	..	Admission 1s. 0d.	.. Open at Nine.
Wednesday	..	Admission 1s. 0d.	.. Open at Nine.
Thursday	..	Admission 1s. 0d.	.. Open at Nine.
Friday	..	Admission 2s. 9d.	.. Open at Nine.
Saturday	..	Admission 5s. 0d.	.. Open at Nine.

Bands daily at Four o'Clock.

GERMAN GALLERY, 168, New Bond-street.—The ROYAL FAMILY of FRANCE (Louis XVI. and Marie Antoinette) in the PRISON of the TEMPLE, 1792, painted by E. M. WARD, R.A., is now ON VIEW. Admission free on presentation of a private address card.

HOLMAN HUNT'S GREAT PICTURE, THE FINDING OF THE SAVIOUR IN THE TEMPLE, commenced in Jerusalem in 1854, is now ON VIEW at the German Gallery, 168, New Bond-street. Admission 1s.

THE NEW SOCIETY OF PAINTERS IN WATER COLOURS.—The Twenty-eighth ANNUAL EXHIBITION of this Society is NOW OPEN at their GALLERY, 53, PALL-MALL (near St. James's Palace), from Nine till Dusk. Admission, 1s.; Catalogue, 6d.; Season Ticket, 5s. JAMES FAHEY, Secretary.

FRITH'S CELEBRATED PICTURE of the RAILWAY STATION NOW ON VIEW, DAILY, from Eleven to Six o'Clock, at the FINE-ART GALLERY, 7, Haymarket, next door to the Haymarket Theatre. Admission, 1s.

SOCIETY of PAINTERS in WATER COLOURS.—The FIFTY-EIGHTH ANNUAL EXHIBITION is NOW OPEN at their Gallery, 5, Pall-mall East (close to the National Gallery), from Nine till Seven. Admittance, 1s. Catalogue, 6d. JOSEPH J. JENKINS, Secretary.

NORTH BRITISH RAILWAY COMPANY.
OPENING THROUGHOUT OF THE BORDER UNION RAILWAY.
THE WAVERLEY ROUTE.
The Public is respectfully informed that on and after TUESDAY, the 1st of JULY next, Passenger Trains will be run over the Railways of the Company affording direct communication between Edinburgh and Carlisle (viâ Hawick), Berwick and Carlisle (viâ Kelso and Hawick), Edinburgh and Newcastle (viâ Hawick and Hexham), as follows:—

TRAINS SOUTHWARDS.	WEEK DAYS.					SUNDAYS.	
North British Railway Classes.	Parly. 1, 2, 4. a.m.	Exp. 1, 2. a.m.	1, 2, 3. noon.	Exp. 1, 2.	1, 2, 3. p.m.	Parly. 1, 2, 4. a.m.	1, 2, 3. p.m.
Edinburgh .. dep.	6.40	8.45	12.0		3.35	6.15	4.30
Berwick .. „	..	8.45	..		..	..	4.30
Hexham .. arr.	11.50	p.m. 1.20	..	7.47	—	—	—
Carlisle .. „	11.18	12.48	p.m. 4.38	7.3	..	10.51	9.0
Newcastle .. arr.	p.m. 1.10	2.38	..	8.55	—	—	—

TRAINS NORTHWARDS.	WEEK DAYS.					SUNDAYS.	
Newcastle.. .. dep.	..	..	a.m. 6.15	p.m. 12.10	p.m. 4.15	—	—
Classes	1, 2, 4. a.m.	Exp. 1, 2. a.m.	Parly. 1, 2, 4. a.m.	1, 2, 3. p.m.	Exp. 1, 2. p.m.	Parly. 1, 2, 4. a.m.	1, 2, 3. p.m.
Carlisle .. dep.	..	6.25	9.15	1.20	6.20	6.0	4.0
Hexham .. „	..	..	7.40	1.12	5.30	—	—
Berwick .. arr.	..	11.30	..	8.15	..	..	8.25
Edinburgh .. „	9.7	9.38	p.m. 12.30	6.2	9.23	10.44	8.14

For further information see the Company's, Bradshaw's, and other train time tables.
The running of goods, mineral, and cattle trains was commenced this day.
THOS. K. ROWBOTHAM, General Manager.
General Manager's Office, Edinburgh, June 24, 1862.

NOTE.—The Border Counties Railway from Newcastle and Hexham to Hawick, and the Border Union Railway from Carlisle to Hawick, forming a Junction there with the Hawick Branch of the North British Railway, open up the only direct routes from the whole of the South and the East and West Coasts of England into the Historic border lands of the two kingdoms; to the Teviot and the Tweed, to Melrose, Abbotsford, and Dryburgh, hallowed by the genius of Sir Walter Scott. Every mile of the new lines—the one running up Tynedale by Kielder and the Cheviots, and the other by Eskdale and Liddesdale into Teviotdale, through scene of the most beautiful and characteristic scenery of the borders—is celebrated by the border bard, and the traveller will now be able to proceed direct from "cannie Newcastle" or "merrie Carlisle" to "mine own romantic town" through districts where the story and the scene combine.
The country traversed by these new routes yields to the tourist and naturalist intense and never-failing interest, and to the excursionist from the towns deep draughts of the pure mountain breeze and delightful peace into quiet and rural retreats, whilst in numerous and classic streams and heath-covered hills afford to the angler and fowler inexhaustible sport.

RIVER NAVIGATION of INDIA and CHINA—East India Steam Navigation Company (Limited).—Capital, £300,000, in 100,000 shares of £5 each. Deposit £1 per share on application and £1 on allotment. The present requirements of the Company will not make any further call necessary for at least six months. The liability of the shareholders is limited to the amount of their shares, the Company being registered under the Joint-Stock Companies Act with limited liability.
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ABRIDGED PROSPECTUS.
Object of the Undertaking.—The object of this undertaking is to provide efficient transport for the large and increasing traffic on the Ganges, with power at option to extend the operations of the Company to other rivers in India and China.
Extracted from "The Calcutta Englishman," dated Monday, May 19, 1862:—
CALCUTTA.—TRIAL-TRIP OF THE EAST INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMER STANLEY.
On Saturday afternoon the river steamer Stanley, belonging to the East India Steam Navigation Company, made her trial-trip, leaving Prinsep's Ghaut at about three o'clock, with a large party of guests on board.
After tiffin the party adjourned on deck, and had an opportunity of witnessing the performances of a vessel which, if properly managed and worked, will not fail to become one of the most paying steamers on the river.
The Stanley is certainly admirably adapted for the reception of passengers, as well as of cargo, and the extreme length of her upper decks affords a most pleasant promenade. She is about 250ft. long, with a corresponding breadth of beam, and only draws eighteen inches of water with her coals on board—less than any other steamer on the river. The agent confidently expects, and from her light draught he has good reasons for his expectations, that she will be able to make the journey to Allahabad at all seasons of the year.
There was some trouble at first starting, owing to some trifling "screw loose" somewhere, but as soon as her head was up stream the engines worked capitally, and the trip to Barrackpore was performed in about an hour and ten minutes.
At Barrackpore she was again turned, and returned to town, steaming against the tide part of the distance and the remainder through slack water, going through the water at the average of eleven knots. Going up to Barrackpore with the tide, she must have made at least eighteen or nineteen.
Owing to Mr. Marc's intended departure for England, it was evident that the preparations for the trip had all been made in a hurry, for the vessel was still considerably in the rough, with quite enough, however, of ornament about her to show that, when once finished, she will be exceedingly comfortable; and of her cargo-carrying capabilities there can be no two opinions.
With her light draught of water, and the present necessity for good boats and plenty of competition, the Stanley cannot fail to show the Company that there is a good field for them in India, and we shall hail the launching of other steamers on their behalf as warmly as we ever do all projects calculated to benefit commerce and develop the resources of the country.
Detailed prospectuses and forms of application for Shares can be obtained at the Offices of the Company, or at the Bankers' or Brokers'.

BINDING THE ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS. Subscribers and Purchasers can have their VOLUMES BOUND in the appropriate Covers, with gilt edges, at 5s. per volume, by sending them, carriage paid, with post-office order payable to LEIGHTON, SON, and HODGE, 13, Shoe-lane, London. The only Binders authorised by the Proprietors.

CANADA LANDED CREDIT COMPANY.—Notice is hereby given, that the HALF-YEARLY INTEREST on the Company's Debentures will be paid on and after the 1st of July, on presentation of the Coupons at the Banking-house of Messrs. Smith, Payne, and Smiths, London.
By order of the Board, J. SYMONS, Sec.

THE CHANCELLOR of the EXCHEQUER acknowledges the receipt of the second halves of Bank Notes to the amount of £10 on account of Income Tax from "Y. O. M."
July 8, 1862.

LONDON HOMŒOPATHIC HOSPITAL, Great Ormond-street, W.C.
The Board of Management earnestly beg support from the friends of Homœopathy, and especially from the many amongst the wealthy who, having themselves derived benefit from it, are generously disposed to confer similar benefits on the sick poor.
Contributions gratefully received by the members of the Board or the Honorary Secretary
April 7, 1862. RALPH BUCHAN, Honorary Secretary.

THE LIBRARY COMPANY (LIMITED).—For the Circulation of English, Foreign, and Colonial Literature. Chairman: William Coningham, Esq., M.P.
SINGLE SUBSCRIPTION, HALF-A-GUINEA PER ANNUM.
No work of general interest is on any pretext whatever excluded from the collection.
There is a liberal supply of Reviews and Magazines, including the "Revue des Deux Mondes," and other foreign publications, of a similar character.
A List of the Company's Town and Country Dépôts (for taking out subscriptions and exchanging books), terms, and all other information will be sent (postage-free) on application.
Central Offices, 25, Pall-mall. By order, FRANK FOWLER, Sec.

SEASIDE RESIDENCE AT GORLESTON, near GREAT YARMOUTH.—TO BE LET, during the summer months, a delightfully-situated MARINE MANSION, with Pleasure Grounds in front extending to the back, a Three-stall Stable, Carriage-house, detached Groom's Cottage, use of a well-stocked Kitchen Garden, and ample accommodation for a gentleman's family. The mansion, which is handsomely and completely furnished, is pleasantly situated on the brow of a hill, commanding one of the grandest and most picturesque sea views in the Eastern Coast, embracing for miles the Yarmouth Roads, through which hundreds of vessels are passing daily, within a short distance of the shore, and within one mile and a half of the fashionable watering-place of Great Yarmouth. In the immediate proximity is the mouth of the Yar, with its piers forming an extensive and delightful promenade, extending far into the sea. The use of a well-formed and comfortable yacht may be had if required.
For further particulars apply to Samuel Aldred, Auctioneer and Estate Agent, Great Yarmouth.

SIX PER CENT. DEBENTURES.
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The Company grant Debentures for sums of £50, £100, £200, and £1000 for periods of three, five, seven, and ten years, bearing interest at 6 (six) per cent per annum, both principal and interest being made payable in London.
The amount received is immediately invested in mortgages of freehold farms of very ample value.
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In addition to having a security of the highest class, he has the advantage of a fixed and perpetual yearly interest of six per cent.
The Company guarantees the payment of interest to the day—viz., on the 1st of January and 1st of July, at their Bankers' in London, and the same can be received through any of the country banks.
Application for the debentures and for any information may be made to Messrs. Brunton and Son, Stockbrokers, Auction Mart Chambers, Bartholomew-lane, London.

POSTAGE OF THE DOUBLE NUMBER OF THE ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS FOR THIS WEEK, JULY 12.

AT HOME.

Copies bearing the impressed stamp (which must be exposed to view) circulate FREE through the Post Office for fifteen days from the date of publication, to all parts of the United Kingdom and the Channel Islands; unless addressed to persons within the free delivery of the place where they are posted, when they become liable to a postage of one penny each, which must be prepaid by affixing a postage-stamp. The free delivery of London, so far as applies to this rule, extends to such places only as are within three miles of the General Post Office.
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The impressed stamp is of no service for copies which are to be sent abroad; these must have postage-stamps affixed to them according to the following rates:—

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An edition is printed on thin paper especially for foreign postage. The postage of this Journal printed on the ordinary stout paper is double to those places which require, as marked in the above list, the thin-paper edition. For further information see "The British Postal Guide," published quarterly, by Kelly and Co., Old Boswell-court.

THE ROYAL MARRIAGE.

BY PERMISSION,

WE are enabled to give in our Number for Saturday next, July 19, which will consist of Two Whole Sheets, a large Illustration of the Marriage of Princess Alice and Prince Louis at Osborne. The Number will contain several other Engravings in connection with the Royal Marriage. Among the many other subjects which will also be Illustrated in Next Week's Number are the Prize Meeting of the National Rifle Association on Wimbledon-common, and the Award of Prize Medals at the International Exhibition,

The TITLEPAGE and INDEX for Volume XL. of the ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS, from January to June, 1862, will likewise be given.

Price of the Two Whole Sheets, Fivepence; Stamped, Sixpence.

Office, 198, Strand.

THE ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS.

LONDON: SATURDAY, JULY 12, 1862.

THERE has been fighting about five miles from Charleston, but the affair, although of course dignified into "a battle," and sensationised with a very strong adjective, was not important, nor was there much slaughter. Some gun-boat business is loosely reported, and we are told of one really fearful catastrophe—a Confederate shot having shattered the steam-drum of a Federal vessel, and nearly all who were on board having perished, either by scalding or drowning. Of other operations the news is too vague to be worth transcription. The Federal army before Richmond was said to be suffering most severely from fever, and it was even rumoured that General M'Clellan himself had been seized by it. The Legislature had, however, performed a far more important act than had been achieved by the Generals; for the new tariff, which is almost prohibitory of foreign importations, is a measure which will array all the mercantile interests of England and France against the Union. Should this new enactment upon further examination sustain the character at present attributed to it the French and English Governments will find it difficult to abstain from a recognition of the South. We have to add that General Butler, whose

ruffianly proclamation against the ladies of New Orleans is defended by some of the New York journals, is embroiling himself with foreign Consuls there in a way that may make it necessary to interfere somewhat promptly with proceedings conceived in the united spirit of a low attorney and a brutal cateran.

Parliament has taken the Embankment question into its own hands, and a majority of forty in the Commons against both the Government and the enemies of Sir Joseph Paxton's original scheme has settled the point whether the road shall be stopped to please a few owners of gardens. There has been a sharp encounter between Lord Palmerston and Mr. Cobden, the latter having enunciated some propositions against our defences, and having drawn down upon himself a severer reproof than the good-natured Premier is in the habit of bestowing. An interesting Chinese debate has made it quite clear that we are to do a good deal against the Taepings, and Lord Palmerston ingeniously urged that if, as the opponents of the late Chinese wars affirmed, we had weakened the Government by our hostility, it was our evident duty to help it in its hour of trouble. Government have been compelled to assent, not over graciously, to a resolution condemnatory of the delay in handing over the Kertch prize-money; and the remaining item of Parliamentary news is that another attempt is being made to enable the great enemy of North London to build upon Hampstead Heath. The lawyers support him, and menace us with the awful things his successor will do if we do not allow the present owner to build villas, the value of which will be enhanced by the conservation of the heath. Lord Ebury stood up for the people, and the House of Commons has warning.

The recognition of the King of Italy by the Emperor of Russia sounds pleasantly, but, if conditions are annexed, Rome and Venice will derive slight gratification from a form which rivets their fetters. The incendiarism in Russia has led to the establishment of a sort of reign of terror, and no one sees the end of this terrible state of things. One Zarozinski has attempted to assassinate the Grand Duke Constantine, but, like the person who tried to kill General Lüders, has failed. Except that the King of Portugal is now publicly announced as about to wed the goddaughter of the Pope, Princess Pia of "Italy," there is not any other foreign news of interest.

The Lord Mayor has entertained the Viceroy of Egypt at a magnificent banquet, and people ask why the Prince of Wales was not present. The Wimbledon rifle meeting is most successful, in spite of the weather, and brilliant shooting has taken place. The Lords have beaten the Commons, and Middlesex has beaten the world for the Queen's prize, which falls to Mr. Pixley, of the Victoria Rifles. The desperate struggle for the coronership for Central Middlesex has ended in the election of Dr. Edwin Lankester, by a majority of 47, a satisfactory result, as it is far more desirable to have a medical coroner, who will deem it his chief business to ascertain truth, than a legal coroner, who would be always thinking of preventing irregular questions and protecting vested interests. Mrs. Longworth Yelverton has had judgment from two tribunals, and is declared by a Scotch Judge not to be married, and by Irish Judges to have been lawfully married. We are glad to add that another ornament will be bestowed on London in the form of a noble substitute for the condemned bridge at Blackfriars—less glad to say that the "pride" which Mr. Cowper promised us that we should all feel when we should behold the Trafalgar fountains as amended must be a pride of a very mild kind, seeing that some new squirts are its justification.

THE COURT.

The Queen continues in good health. Her Majesty paid a visit to Prince Louis and Princess Alice of Hesse, at St. Clare, on the 3rd inst., and on the following evening their Royal Highnesses Prince and Princess Louis of Hesse returned to Osborne, attended by Lady Churchill, Major-General Seymour, and Captain Von Westerweller. Her Majesty subsequently presented privately the insignia of the order of the Garter to Prince Louis of Hesse.

On Sunday the Queen, Prince and Princess Louis of Hesse, Prince Arthur, and Prince Leopold, attended Divine service at Osborne. The Rev. G. Prothero officiated. The Prince of Wales, Prince Alfred, Princess Helena, and Princess Louise attended the service at Whippingham Church.

On Tuesday their Royal Highnesses Prince and Princess Louis of Hesse took leave of her Majesty, and embarked in the Royal yacht Victoria and Albert from Osborne pier for Antwerp.

The unfavourable weather during the past week has had the effect of preventing her Majesty from taking much outdoor exercise.

Lord Charles Fitzroy and Colonel the Hon. A. Hardinge have succeeded Major-General Seymour and Lieutenant-Colonel the Hon. D. De Ros as Equerries to her Majesty.

PRINCE LOUIS AND PRINCESS ALICE OF HESSE.

Their Royal Highnesses Prince Louis and Princess Alice of Hesse left St. Clare on Friday se'nnight, and returned to Osborne. On Tuesday afternoon their Royal Highnesses embarked in the Victoria and Albert, and proceeded to Antwerp, en route for Hesse Darmstadt. The Queen accompanied their Royal Highnesses in the Fairy Roya yacht as far as the Nab Light. The channel fleet fired a Roya salute as the squadron sailed through Spithead.

THE GRAND DUCAL FAMILY OF HESSE.

His Grand Ducal Highness Prince Charles and her Royal Highness Princess Charles of Hesse, with their Grand Ducal Highnesses Princess Anna, Prince Henry, and Prince William of Hesse, left the Palace Hotel on Saturday morning for the London-bridge terminus, and travelled on the South-Eastern Railway to Folkestone, to embark in the Vivid for Boulogne, en route for Paris.

Their Royal Highnesses the Duke and Duchess d'Aumale gave a grand fête at Orleans House yesterday se'nnight, which was most numerously and fashionably attended. The company began to arrive shortly before four, and carriages continued to set down until after seven o'clock.

His Highness the Prince Maharajah Dhuleep Singh has arrived at Claridge's Hotel from Mulgrave Castle.

The Duke of Devonshire gave a grand ball on Tuesday at Devonshire House, at which there were over 600 persons present. All the saloons of his Grace's mansion were thrown open and brilliantly illuminated.

Viscount and Viscountess Palmerston gave a grand entertainment on Saturday at their mansion in Piccadilly to his Imperial Highness Prince Napoleon. The Duke of Cambridge honoured the noble Viscount and Viscountess with his presence.

Mrs. Thomas Fairbairn gave a grand concert at her residence at Queen's-gate on Monday, to which the foreign commissioners to the exhibition were invited.

CHURCH AND UNIVERSITIES.

On the 29th of June last the Rev. T. Wilkins, Curate of Ecclesfield, baptised two hundred and eight infants and young persons in Ecclesfield parish church.

On Tuesday week the parish church of St. Peter, East Bridgeford, Notts, was reopened after undergoing a partial restoration.

The foundation-stone of the new Church of St. Mary, Aberdeen, was laid on the 1st inst. by the Rev. George Nugée, more than 1100 persons being present to witness the ceremony.

The Lord Bishop of London and Mrs. Tait gave a fête last Saturday afternoon, at Fulham Palace, to the various foreign pastors now in England and to the whole clergy of the diocese of London.

On Tuesday week the parish church of All Saints, South Cerney, near Cirencester, which has lately been rebuilt, was reopened by the Lord Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol.

The corner-stone of a new church, to be called All Saints, was laid on the 21st ult. in the hamlet of Cheadle Hulme, in the parish of Cheadle, Cheshire, by the Hon. Wilbraham Egerton, M.P.

The Church of St. Mary, West Torrington, was reopened on Thursday week, after being thoroughly restored by Mr. R. J. Withers.

The parish church of Seaford, Sussex, which had been for many years in a very dilapidated condition, disfigured internally by high pews, galleries, and whitewash, and externally by windows of every description except Gothic, has been completely restored in the last year, and was reopened and consecrated on the 4th inst.

A congress of Churchmen, lay and clerical, commenced its sittings at Oxford on Tuesday, under the presidency of Bishop Wilberforce. The object of this gathering is to discuss questions of interest to the Church.

The restoration of All Saints' Church, Bisley, has been at last completed after some years' expectation. The church was reopened on the 2nd inst. by the Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol. After the service a handsome luncheon was provided by the Vicar, the Rev. T. Keble, at whose cost and that of his friends the church has been restored, at a sum little short of £4000.

The archdeaconry of George Town, Cape of Good Hope, with a colonial chaplaincy annexed, has been conferred upon the Rev. Hopkins Badnall, M.A., of University College, Durham, Curate of Cawthorne, near Barnsley, Yorkshire. The new Archdeacon was formerly Domestic and Examining Chaplain to the Bishop of Cape Town.

The Bishop of London has issued a circular in reference to religious services in the metropolis for strangers in connection with the International Exhibition. After referring to the course adopted by Bishop Blomfield during the Exhibition of 1851 to supply foreign visitors with the means of attending public worship, by the appointment of a committee of clergyman and the celebration of Divine service in French and German chapels, the Bishop goes on to state that he has considered it advisable to include in the committee of this year a number of noblemen and gentlemen who take an interest in the affairs of the Church. His Lordship states that her Majesty has graciously acceded to his request that the Lutheran German Chapel in St. James's Palace should be placed at the disposal of foreign Protestants for Divine service on Sundays. It is further proposed that services in French or German should be conducted in certain proprietary chapels by clergymen of the English Church. The Bishop says, "Our visitors throughout the season will be numbered by hundreds of thousands," and in conclusion expresses his earnest hope that not only in this, but in every practical way, "we shall endeavour to uphold the Christian character of our nation, and show that our communion is a faithful and living branch of the Church of Christ."

THE UNIVERSITIES AND PUBLIC SCHOOLS. — In a Convocation holden at Oxford, on Thursday week, the nomination of Dr. Overbeck to be a Teacher of German in the Taylor Institution was unanimously approved. At the same time the form of statute for the appointment of a preceptor to assist candidates in their studies for appointments in the Indian civil service was finally passed. In a Convocation held last Saturday it was agreed to affix the University seal to a deed for the acceptance of an additional £10,000 for the purpose of increasing the stipend of the Hope Professor, of providing for the payment of a keeper of the Hope Collection of Engravings, and for adding to the collections from time to time. Captain Burrows, R.N., of Magdalen Hall, has been elected to the Chichele Professorship of Modern History. The Vice-Chancellor and Proctors have nominated Mr. T. C. Sanders, of Oriel, to the office of Teacher of Indian Jurisprudence, under the recent statute. The Pusey and Ellerton (Hebrew) Scholarship has been awarded to Mr. J. Parves, Snell Exhibitioner of Balliol—the examiners mentioning that Mr. A. G. Warner, B.A., of Christ Church, *proxime accessit* in a very creditable examination. Term ended on Saturday. The Michaelmas Term commences on Friday, October 10.——An Act respecting Oxford University, which received the Royal assent on Monday, has just been issued, and by virtue of which various reforms may be effected. It is entitled "An Act to extend the powers of making statutes possessed by the University of Oxford, and to make further provision for the administration of justice in the Court of the Chancellor of the University." By this Act the professorships can be regulated and regulations made as to "the constitution of a court or other authority empowered to admonish, and, if necessary, remove, a professor guilty of notable negligence, or inefficiency in conducting the duties of his office, or of immorality." Furthermore, the Vice-Chancellor, with the assistance of three of the common law Judges, can make rules and orders for the regulation of his court, and annul or alter the same.

The annual speech-day at Harrow School took place on Thursday week, and, in spite of unfavourable weather, there was a large attendance. The Archbishop of York, the Bishop of London, Earl Russell, the Earl of Clarendon, Lord and Lady Wensleydale, the Rev. Dr. Whewell, M. Odillon Barrot, and many other distinguished persons were amongst the residents.

The annual speech-day at St. Andrew's College, Chardstock, was held this year on St. John the Baptist's Day. There was a large gathering of the friends of the college and parents of the boys. The sermon was preached by the rev. the head master. The examiners reported most satisfactorily of the state of the college.

The anniversary of Blundell's School, Tiverton, was celebrated on Saturday week, and among the trustees present were the Earl of Devon, Sir J. T. Coleridge, and Mr. Acland.

The annual meeting in connection with the Queen's College, Harley-street, was held at the building on Tuesday afternoon. The Bishop of London presided. The report stated that the college year which had just closed had been one of increased usefulness and prosperity. The number of pupils who had attended the Easter term of 1862 had been 239. The council looked forward with a confident hope to the years which lay before them. They aimed at nothing less than forming in their pupils the mind and character of Christian ladies.

The midsummer distribution of prizes to the pupils of the Bath Proprietary College took place on June 25, in the Sydney Gardens, in the presence of a large and fashionable assembly.

PREFERMENTS AND APPOINTMENTS.—The Rev. G. W. Guest, M.A., Incumbent of Derwent, to be Minor Canon of York. *Rectories:* The Rev. E. G. Arnold to Barrow, Cheshire; Rev. G. Bond to Sutton, Norfolk; Rev. C. J. Down to Hemingford and Hardington, Somerset; Rev. W. F. Gray to Faringdon, Devon; Rev. C. Theobald to Chale, Isle of Wight; Rev. W. R. Waters to West Bridgeford, Notts; Rev. O. L. Williams to Bodvaen, Carnarvon. *Vicarages:* The Rev. C. Bartholomew to Cornwood, Devon; Rev. J. Evans to Llanover, Monmouth; Rev. F. T. Hurst to Ridgwell, Essex; Rev. J. M. Lewes to Mattersey, Notts; Rev. A. H. Rumboll to Thorpe-le-Soken, Essex; Rev. H. T. Shephard to Stonesby, Leicestershire. *Incumbency:* The Rev. J. C. Bates to the New Church of St. Martin, Castleton Moor, Rochdale. *Chaplaincies:* The Rev. W. H. R. Brickman to the County Bridewell, Wymondham; Rev. R. Browne to the Marquis of Sligo; Rev. W. B. Hopkins, Vicar of Wisbeach, Cambridgeshire, to the Lord Bishop of Ely; Rev. G. Truman, Rector of Wythop, Cumberland, to the Lake District Railway Navvies; Rev. W. Whitelegg, Perpetual Curate of Threlkeld, Cumberland, to the Lake District Railway. *Perpetual Curacy:* Rev. J. S. Jones to Llanfaes and Penmon, Anglesea. [The announcement of the appointment of the Rev. S. P. Powys to a Perpetual Curacy at Hinckley, Leicestershire, is incorrect.] *Curacies:* The Rev. C. H. Gibson to Bolton-le-Sands, near Lancaster; Rev. C. E. Gibson to Christ Church, Cheltenham; Rev. E. Greene to Bramshott, Liphook, Hants; Rev. J. J. Hodgson to Holbeach, Lincolnshire; Rev. J. R. Morton to Stroxton, Lincolnshire; Rev. C. P. Pratt to Longworth, Berks; Rev. R. Tapson to St. Giles, Camberwell, Surrey.—*Guardian.*

Bottesini is giving summer concerts, à la Jullien, in Naples. His opera, lately produced at the San Carlo Theatre, has had immense success.

Accounts from Riga state that great preparations are being made there and at the surrounding towns for the reception of the Emperor and Empress of Russia, who are expected to arrive at Riga about the 21st inst., and afterwards to visit other towns on the Baltic.

Mr. Isaac Pitman, the inventor of phonography, has been presented with an elegant bronze timepiece and side-vase, with a purse of £350, by many friends of the phonetic system, in token of their high appreciation of its excellence, and of his untiring and unselfish labours in its extension.

The National Life-boat Institution has just sent a new life-boat and transporting-carriage to Kirkcudbright, on the south coast of Scotland. The cost of the boat (£250) was presented to the institution by a gentleman (N. L.) resident in Manchester.

Dr. Lankester, Mr. Lewis, and Mr. Cameron were yesterday week nominated as candidates for the office of Coroner for the central district of the county of Middlesex, in the room of the late Mr. Wakley. Mr. Lewis obtained the show of hands. Mr. Cameron then retired; but a poll was demanded on behalf of Dr. Lankester. The polling, which took place on Monday, resulted in the return of Dr. Lankester, the numbers being—Lankester, 1131; Lewis, 1084.

BRITISH INSTITUTION.

WORKS BY DECEASED BRITISH ARTISTS.

ON reviewing the works of the old masters at the British Institution our space did not admit a detailed notice of the pictures by deceased British artists. We remarked, however, that the portraits by Romney supply a very serious deficiency in the British gallery at the International Exhibition.

The works of Romney in Pall-mall certainly explain his successful rivalry with Reynolds during the last fifteen years of Sir Joshua's life. And the comparative reputation of Romney must increase, for his paintings are affected by time immeasurably less than the great majority of those by Reynolds; and Romney has assuredly not been duly appreciated in the present century, owing partly, probably, to the literary influence and friendships of Reynolds and his greater prestige as the first President of the Royal Academy, and as the reputed founder of the British school. The cartoons and poetic compositions of Romney, several of which are preserved at the Fitzwilliam Museum, Cambridge, and the Royal Institution, Liverpool, place him even higher as an artist than most of his finished pictures. To these designs Flaxman, than whom there could not be a better judge, paid a high tribute. Although Romney "divided the town" with Reynolds and Gainsborough he never sent any works to the exhibition of the Royal Academy, and could not, therefore, be elected a member.

We may say with confidence that none of the portraits by either Reynolds or Gainsborough now in the same gallery of the British Institution are quite so admirable as the portrait groups of "Lady Russell and her son Sir Henry" (154), and the "Countess of Warwick and her Children" (192). The first is wonderful for its mellow richness and harmony of colour, and its originality of treatment. The lady is seated, beautiful in features and lovely in expression, looking with soft eyes full of maternal love momentarily from her child and out of the picture. She holds by his sash, however, her little son to prevent his falling from a piece of furniture upon which he has climbed, and is feeling with the plump hands on the surface of a mirror for the reflection of himself, which supplies his chief portraiture—an original arrangement, which prevents the slightest approach of stiffness of mere portraiture. Still more remarkable is the large picture from Warwick Castle of the Countess of Warwick and her two children. The lady here also just seems to glance accidentally from her children, one of whom she caressingly holds with her hand, and she is equally beautiful. The little daughter nestles in the skirts of her mother's dress, and looks up in her face with an expression of the sweetest filial love. The son stands with his hoop apart, boylike, and forcibly relieved against the sky. Like nearly all of Romney's pictures, the accessories are left sketchy and apparently unfinished, in order, no doubt (following the theory of his time), to impart greater finish to the more important parts. But, although swept in with great breadth and evident ease, we would challenge comparison of the painting of the white satin dress in this picture with any example of textural representation in painting. The light and shade of the material, the yellowish gleam of the high lights, the delicious pearly half tints, and the mellow lambent play of the reflections are rendered with consummate mastery. The portrait of "H. Russell, Esq." (199), shows how highly finished and careful in modelling the painter could be. The "Portrait of Himself" (193) is quite startling in it spenetrating look, and seems really instinct with life. There is also an air of great vitality in the portrait of "Sir H. Russell" (181). The "Head of a Boy" (189), small as it is, for sweetness, for power in the rich brown eyes and glow of colour, is worthy of Titian. The remaining portraits are in his more sketchy, better-known manner, the tone partaking of a certain bricklike hue. There is great expression, however, in the portrait of "Mrs. Inchbald" (151); and artists will be interested with the execution in the portrait of "Mrs. Tickell" (166)—the same who, with her tuneful sister, Mrs. Sheridan, appears in Gainsborough's charming picture at the International Exhibition. "Penitence" (158) contains, like so many other of Romney's works, evidence that the model, either actual or from memory, was the Emma Lyon, better known as the Duchess of Hamilton, who so completely fascinated the painter.

By Hogarth there is the fine study of "Sarah Malcolm" (196), the atrocious murderess, finished two days before her execution; the head very pure, sound, and solid in method, and the colour rich yet pearly.

There are several full-lengths and smaller portraits by Sir Joshua Reynolds, but in none is he seen to very especial advantage, either from the bad condition of the painting or from the work having been originally not among his happiest. The "Hon. Mrs. Stanhope" (133) is statuesque in attitude, but was apparently glazed too deeply with asphaltum. "Dr. Beattie" (146), with the absurd allegorical accompaniments as described in Northcote, is apparently in fine condition, but hung too high for examination. The Townshend portraits have some historical interest—viz., "George, Earl of Leicester," afterwards Marquis Townshend (152). "The Right Hon. Charles Townshend, afterwards Chancellor of the Exchequer" (156), and Field Marshal George, the first Marquis Townshend," but the last is considerably the best painting. "The Prince of Wales" (164) was probably very fine in colour originally, though now a mere ghost. The black boy fastening the belt is said to have been introduced from the page in Walker's portrait of Oliver Cromwell at Althorp. Gainsborough is also poorly and unequally represented. A much overrated repetition of "Pitt" (No. 163) will not bear comparison with the bust by Nollekens now in the International Exhibition. The "Sir Charles Morgan" (162), is weak to badness. "The Lady Alston" (188) is heavy, and wanting in the usual refinement, the blue drapery looking almost like a parody upon the blue boy. Nor is there very much of the master's more felicitous and airy grace in the "Countess of Sussex and Lady Barbara Yelverton" (194). As for Sir Thomas Lawrence, it would be difficult to select any example which would more completely expose the vices of his style, and its insensate meretriciousness, than that of "The Countess of Mexborough and her Son" (174). A famous Patrick Nasmyth here, the "View of Windsor" (191), is admirable in itself, and curiously close to Hobbema. Very curious also, in another sense, is the "Colonel Mordaunt's Cock Match at Lucknow." There are several series of Stothard's illustrations, a very beautiful Etty, a small Crome (180), a Wilson (157), and a Morland (128).

A new comet was discovered on the 3rd inst. at Marseilles by M. Tempel, in the constellation of Cassiopea. It is rapidly journeying towards the Polar star, and will soon, it is believed, be visible to the naked eye.

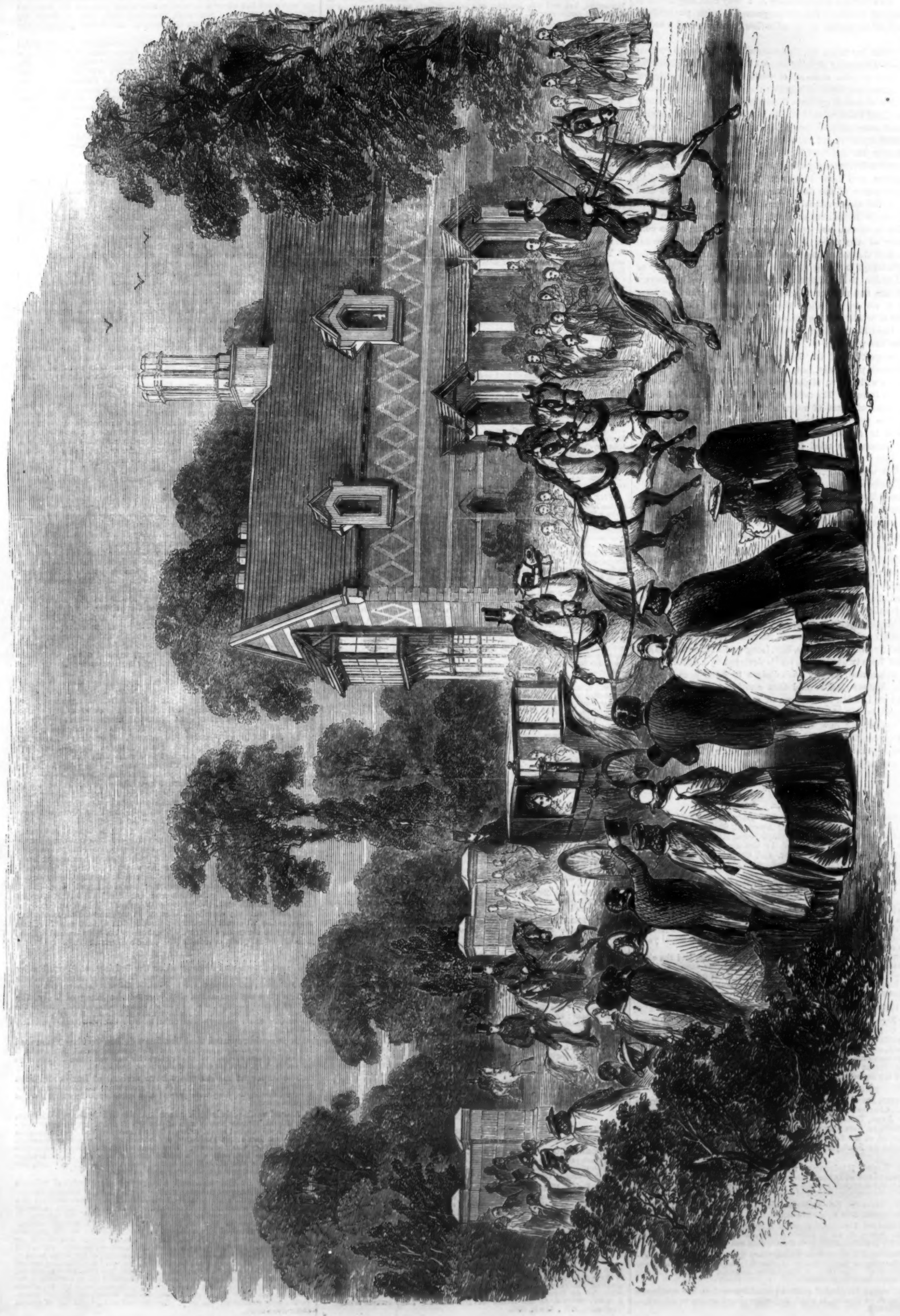
The Princess Maria Pia, daughter of the King of Italy, the future Queen of Portugal, was born on the 16th of October, 1847. She is the goddaughter of Pope Pius IX., whose name she bears. She is said to be remarkable for her beauty, and her father has always shown a decided partiality for her.

It is again reported that Don Juan de Bourbon has renounced his pretensions to the Spanish throne. In consideration of this act, it is alleged the Queen of Spain reinstates him in his rank and titles, and reconveys to him the large forfeited estates of his father, Don Carlos.

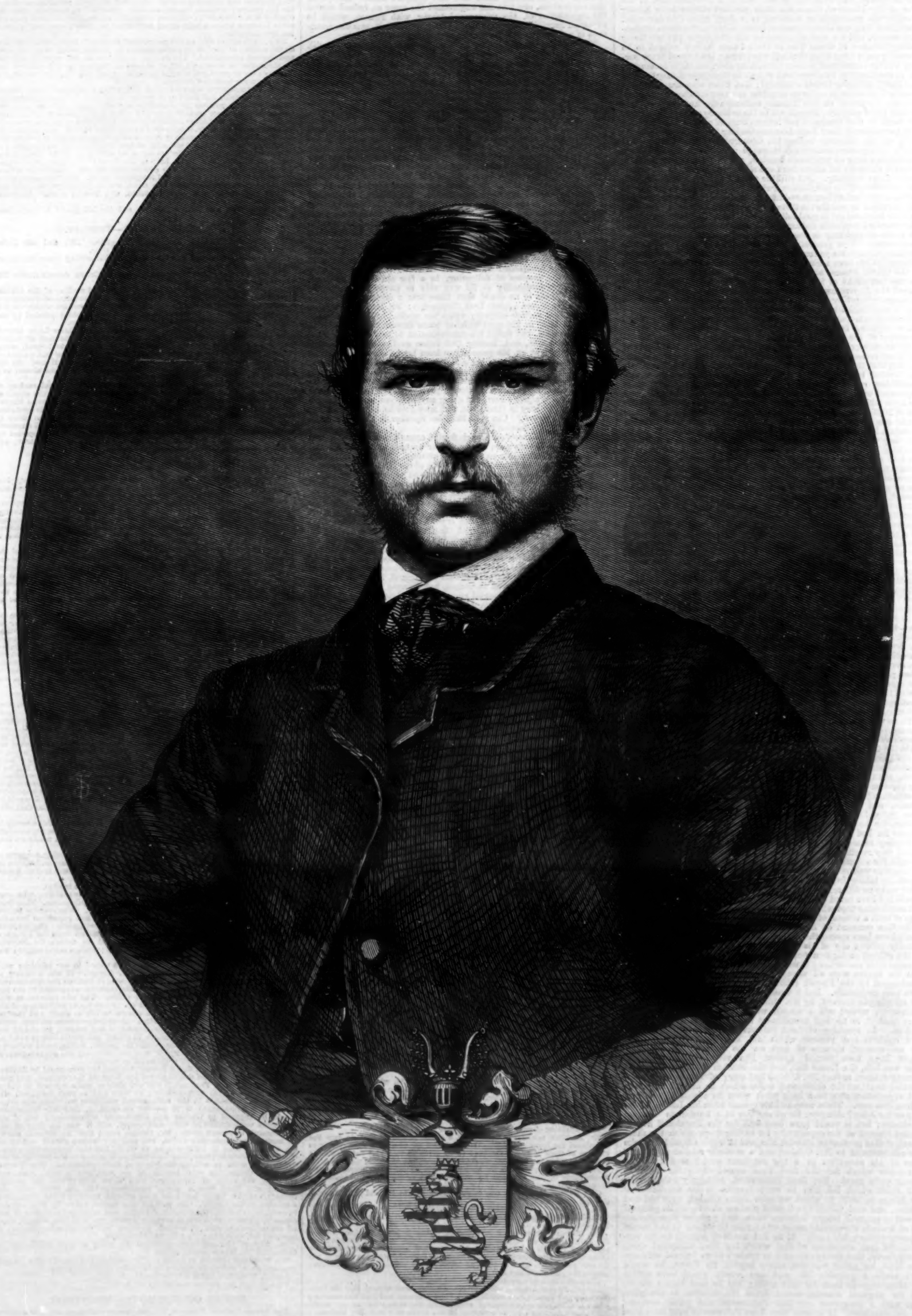
The Japanese Ambassadors have arrived at Berlin and been received by the King. A grand dinner was given at the Court in their honour. On the following day they were present at a soirée given by the Minister of Foreign Affairs.

A duel with pistols took place, on the 3rd inst., at Wrietzen, near Berlin, between two officers of the 7th Brandenburg Infantry Regiment. A dispute had arisen between First Lieutenant Von Zedlitz-Neukirch and Second Lieutenant Fürbinger, and, according to the code of honour, a mutual apology was necessary. Lieutenant Fürbinger declined to accede to this course, and the result was a hostile meeting, at which the latter officer was killed by a shot through the heart. He fell with the cry of "Long live the King!" His opponent has been placed under arrest.

The Duke de Magenta and a party of distinguished officers of the French Army on Saturday made a visit to the Royal Hospital, Chelsea. On Tuesday morning the available force of the Royal Horse Artillery and Field Batteries assembled on Woolwich Common at ten o'clock, arrangements having been made for a review and field-day, in the presence of Marshal the Duke of Magenta, and other distinguished foreign military officers, who arrived at eleven o'clock, and were received at the garrison by Major-General Sir R. J. Decres, Commandant; Brigade-Major Milward, Major Field, Deputy-Assistant Quartermaster-General, and a full staff of field officers. The troops having been inspected in the usual manner, front and rear, marched past the standard at slow and quick time, and various field-day evolutions were subsequently carried out. The distinguished visitors, accompanied by General Decres and staff, proceeded at two o'clock to the Royal Arsenal, and occupied some hours in an inspection of the Royal gun factories and other departments, and also the Viceroy of Egypt's steam-yacht, now moored off the jetty. The Marshal and friends left Woolwich about five o'clock.



THE MARRIAGE OF PRINCESS ALICE WITH PRINCE LOUIS OF HESSE-DARMSTADT: DEPARTURE OF THEIR ROYAL HIGHNESSES FROM OSBORNE FOR ST. CLARE, THE SEAT OF COLONEL HARCOURT.



HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS PRINCE LOUIS OF HESSE-DARMSTADT.

SKETCHES IN PARLIAMENT.

THE Crown lessees of the land on the banks of the Thames lying between Whitehall-stairs and Westminster-bridge have been made the subject of very excellent abuse; but it is probable that, in the eyes of the House of Commons, their greatest offence is in having brought the metropolitan members in a flood upon that assembly. Habit and long use always produce insensibility in the ear to unpleasant sounds, and the man who slept so soundly under the positively lulling influence of Great Tom of Oxford that he was obliged to be roused by main force when that bell was ringing, is a type of many persons who are accustomed to hear the talking members for Westminster, the Tower Hamlets, Finsbury, and so on. In their case it may truly be said that familiarity breeds contempt; and those who are every day hearing their voices go on, never minding, in a very satisfactory manner. The late discussion on the Thames embankment has been made a decided party question, though not in the ordinary sense of that term, for there is dire confusion and intermixture of men of different political persuasions; Lord John Manners leading the Radicals into one lobby and Mr. Horsman leading the Conservatives into another, and taunt, and repartee, and strong language of all sorts pass between gentlemen sitting on proximate benches, while phrases expressive of intimate alliance dart across from one side of the House to the other with curious infelicity. But still the main feature has been the high tide of metropolitan memberdom, which has threatened to swamp all common sense and all human endurance. Before all things, justice; and therefore let it be said that in these unpleasant debates one metropolitan member has stood out in good relief. Mr. Locke has always exhibited plain sense in his opinions and some point in their expression, and although his mode of speaking is somewhat heavy and laboured it is not pretentious; he is generally goodhumoured and often causes real laughter, though his jocoseness is slightly ponderous. In the present instance he has been a kind of leader in the opposition to the dodge of the Crown lessees, and he has managed his matters right well. On the last night of the consideration of the bill in committee he played the Government game most successfully, and allowed Lord Palmerston to get by a side wind that which he sought to obtain by a course very much like that which is known by the name of trimming.

Another metropolitan member has also stood out in strong relief, but in anything but good relief. At least, the traditions and the character of the melancholy product of household suffrage, in the shape of metropolitan memberdom, will lose nothing in the hands of the latest accession to that choice band. By a happy forgetfulness of the fact that the place in which he spoke was not a vestry, the House was treated to a specimen of the sort of eloquence which creates notabilities on the south side of the metropolis; they were made acquainted with the demeanour, and the manner, and the tone, and the style which lead to the representation of a population of 250,000 and of 20,000 electors; they could understand how fluency in mere words can coexist with a deficiency, and indeed an entire absence, of certain letters which are usually essential to the formation of words, and they were probably amused at the unconsciousness which was exhibited by the possessor of an overweening self-confidence when he got into difficulties as often as he had to speak of the member for Huntingdonshire. But enough. Everybody finds his level in the House of Commons, and it is probable that ears which were vexed on the occasion which has been indicated will have a long, perhaps an eternal, rest from the sufferings which they then endured.

One result of the singular mêlée on this question has been the escape from a good deal of bother by Mr. William Cowper. His most decided opponents on the Opposition side came to his rescue when he was baited by a gentleman who principally, though not altogether, on account of the line he has taken in this Thames embankment affair, now goes by the name of the "Rejected of Westminster;" and the tricksy Chief Commissioner of Works, who has been dodging this matter in a way that it did not deserve—for he might better have gained his point by a bold and avowed opposition to the Crown lessees—was enabled to get up an excellent show of virtuous indignation, and to talk loud about his impeccability. It was a question of degree between him and his antagonists, and he has got whatever advantage there was to be had. Although Mr. Scully is not quite accurate in an assertion he repeated one night in a termagant speech of his, in which he demanded the slaughter of the Irish innocents for the Session should commence immediately, that all the Parliamentary rows this year have been English ones, yet he would be justified by the events of these debates, and in truth of some others which have taken place only this week, in saying that they are not all Irish. If the bear-garden in Southwark were still available, it might be suggested that the House of Commons should adjourn thither to hold its meetings, in order that the fitness of things might be wholly carried out in respect of appropriate locality.

Those who remember the position in which Lord Palmerston stood, the course which he pursued, the demeanour he exhibited, and the temper of the House towards him at the time when he brought forward the Conspiracy Bill, and who also witnessed more than one scene in the House of Commons this week, will probably be of opinion that Parliamentary events have moved since then in a very narrow circle, and that its extremes have already met. On one evening, when the question of fortifications came on, Mr. Lindsay intervened with his twentieth-told tale about the relative naval forces of England and France, and he performed a very notable feat as it seemed to those who have heard him on more than one occasion in this matter, for he seemed to reproduce word for word the observations he had formerly made; and, as he took the opportunity of reading several extracts from his last speech on the subject, it looked very much as if he had got it by heart, and, having prudently brought the volume of Hansard containing it with him, he thought he might as well save his memory labour and give it snatches of repose by taking from the print a few passages which, of course, could make no difference to his audience. One does not see why he should not have saved all his trouble by just moving his amendment and mentioning that what he wished to say could be found at such a page of such a volume of the Parliamentary chronicle, and the House, or the thin remnant of it which remained while he was speaking, would have been spared the setting on edge of its teeth which inevitably follows one of his terrible orations. If he had brought on the subject on his own mere motion it would probably have lapsed, as usual after one of Lord Clarence Paget's poohpooh demonstrations, that his figures were all wrong, and that he had been pleasantly humbugged by the French officials, to whom the temptation must have been irresistible. But it would seem as if he was stimulated, if not exactly put forward, by Mr. Cobden, who, in a state of abnormal excitement, rattled out a speech which was so unlike his usual style that it is no bad compliment to say that it was unworthy of him. In speaking of Lord Palmerston he forgot himself, and used epithets and phrases which did him no credit, and, but for an unusual absence of tact on the part of the Premier, might have been turned against him very effectually. The hour was late, the House full, and the benches thickly dotted with evening dresses, so that Mr. Cobden had every advantage for communicating to others the excitement under which he himself laboured; and expectation rose to a high pitch when he concluded and Lord Palmerston rose. There were audible groans when his Lordship gave way to Sir John Pakington, for no one was in a humour to listen to platitudes; but it would have been well for the Premier if he had availed himself of the opportunity for cooling down which this short speech of that gentleman afforded him, and in which a dignified rebuke was administered to Mr. Cobden, and a masterly refutation given to some of his assertions in a few emphatic sentences delivered in a manner which for the first time caused little Sir John to appear quite great. But Lord Palmerston, seemingly imbued with that spirit which led him to such lengths in his treatment of the House in 1858, to which we have above alluded, out-Cobdened Cobden, and said things which must produce an irreparable personal as well as political breach between them, and perhaps consequences out of doors in the coming recess which may be serious to the tenure of power of the noble Lord. If he had confined himself to the sarcastic and open statement of that which has been whispered about pretty freely, that the apostle of free trade was so imbued with one idea that he never travelled safely beyond its limits, he would have made a palpable hit, and one which would have settled his adversary—at least for that night; but he said things which, but for physical reasons, would drive Mr. Cobden to the platform with a dangerous cry that Palmerston and public economy are irreconcilable. It is true that Lord Palmerston may have been goaded into saying more than he desired or intended when he saw Mr. Gladstone and Mr. Milner Gibson sitting close together exchanging significant glances and whispers, which, from the expression of their countenances, were anything but favourable to him, and he could not resist lashing them over Mr. Cobden's back. Except on this supposition, one does not understand the sneer at, indeed almost the repudiation of, the commercial treaty with France, which he delivered hurriedly, but with much emphasis, as if it was the utterance of a thought which he could not at the moment restrain.

The uncanny spirit of the House towards the first Minister was still further developed on the following evening. Mr. White brought on a motion involving the policy of the Government in China, and really he delivered a discourse, and told a tale, which was in many respects very interesting, and which was far superior to many a pretentious lecture to which one has been condemned to listen. Although, so far as manner and modulation of voice were concerned, he "roared as gently as a sucking dove," he pitched into Lord Palmerston in good set terms. Unfortunately for any effect he might have anticipated, the noble Lord was wrapped in one of those profound slumbers which he seems to enjoy so much, and for which he seems to think the Treasury bench one of the fittest of places; and it was only when the deep basso tones of Sir Lawrence Palk (who presented the now not unusual spectacle of a high Tory siding with an extreme Radical against the Government by seconding Mr. White's motion) boomed through the empty House that Lord Palmerston started and awoke to learn how furiously he had been abused. Mr. Cobden had promised to have a word to say on this question, and he kept his promise; but this time he was discreet, and, avoiding personality in the strict sense of the term, he worked policy into personality, and so had his revenge with no little skill. In effect, he contrived to irritate Lord Palmerston more than on the previous night, and though the noble Lord was not so reckless he was still injudiciously vehement, and scolded just as he did in the case of the Conspiracy Bill. Whatever mistake he made was probably neutralised by the fact that Mr. Whiteside rose after solely for the purpose of delivering, in a few sentences, as much bitter, coarse personality as he was able to concentrate into five minutes. There is no doubt that there was a strong antagonistic feeling in the House against Lord Palmerston; but Mr. Walpole rose, and, with that curious infelicity which has marked his Parliamentary conduct of late, in his most whining tones denounced the policy of the Government, but stated his determination to vote in their favour against the motion, and, having first fallen so low as to receive a sarcastic comment on his proceedings from Lord John Manners, who stated that as he condemned the policy he should vote for the motion, walked into the lobby with Ministers, followed by some forty members who as nearly as possible constituted the majority against what was a vote of censure on Lord Palmerston in particular. What can be the cause of Mr. Walpole's horror at doing anything just now to disturb the present Ministry in their seats, and why does he do them all the service in his power? Can it be that the Speaker is about to retire at the end of this Session?

But if Lord Palmerston, though flouted enough in the debate, was triumphant in the division, something far worse than he had yet had to encounter awaited him on that same evening. A motion was made condemnatory of the delay in the payment of the Kertch prize-money, for which the Premier can hardly be said to be personally responsible. Indeed, it could be seen from what occurred in the discussion that it is probable that the money, having found its way to the Treasury, has been grabbed, in common with all other little odds and ends which he could lay his hands on, by Mr. Gladstone in order to assist him in making his revenue and expenditure balance. But Lord Palmerston identified himself with the matter, tried to get rid of the motion early in the evening, and, opposing it when it was brought on, found that he would have been beaten by an overwhelming majority, was obliged to allow it to be carried by acclamation; but not until there had been presented to the eyes of the strangers present the spectacle of the leader of the Commons of England, the First Minister of the Crown, our foremost statesman, and an aged man who is daily performing physical and mental miracles as a public servant, literally yelled and hooted down from all sides of the House. Let us drop the curtain!

IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE OF LORDS.—MONDAY.

The Crown Private Estates Bill passed through Committee.

The Courts of Church of Scotland Bill was read a third time and passed.

The Select Committee on the circumstances under which signatures had been obtained to petitions on the East Gloucestershire Railway brought up their report, which acquitted the implicated parties of wilful representation.

Lord Berners' Game Law Bill passed through Committee, with several amendments, one of which extended the operation of the measure to Scotland. A proposal was made to extend it to Ireland also, but this amendment seems to have been withdrawn, after the House was cleared for a division.

ITALY.—The Marquis of NORMANBY called the attention of their Lordships to the treatment of political prisoners in Italy and the political state of the kingdom, which gave rise to a very interesting discussion, in the course of which Earl RUSSELL said he had lately heard that both Prussia and Russia were disposed to recognise the Italian kingdom, and that the former Power had declared its intention to do so upon receiving an assurance from the Italian Government that Italy would continue to be pacific towards her neighbours, and that she should not attempt any act of aggression upon the territories of Austria or the German Confederacy. The noble Earl, in reference to the complaints of Mr. Bishop, said the only one he considered feasible was the delay in bringing him to trial, concerning which representations had been made to the Turin Government, and he believed in a few days the trial would commence.

HOUSE OF COMMONS—MONDAY.

Lord C. Paget stated, in reply to Mr. Herbert, that it was intended to proceed with the works on the steam-packet pier at Holyhead.

The Turnpike Acts Continuance Bill and the Turnpike Trusts Arrangements Bill were read a second time.

The New Zealand Bill passed through Committee.

The Markets and Fairs (Ireland) Bill was withdrawn.

FOREIGN PAPER.—In answer to a question from Mr. J. A. Turner, Mr. M. GIBSON said that when the imports of foreign paper became sufficiently important in quantity they would appear in the usual monthly Board of Trade returns. At present they fluctuated considerably—from 2000 cwt. in one month to 3800 in another.

INDIA.—Sir C. WOOD, in reply to Mr. Smollett, said the Government intended to introduce, gradually, a permanent settlement of the land tax in India. The right hon. Baronet added that he proposed to make his annual statement on the finances of India on Monday next.

IRISH AFFAIRS.—Mr. SCULLY, in a characteristic speech, made an attack upon Sir R. Peel for his manner of transacting Irish business. Amidst loud laughter he promised the right hon. Baronet his blessing if he would give up his office and leave Irish members alone. He wished to know what the right hon. Baronet intended to do with the Irish bills then before the House.—Sir R. PEEL thanked the member for the county of Cork for his good wishes, and announced that the Markets and Fairs Bill would be abandoned, but that some of its clauses would be incorporated in the Weights and Measures Bill. The other Irish bills would be proceeded with.

THAMES EMBANKMENT.

The House resumed in Committee the consideration of the Thames Embankment Bill.

Lord J. MANNERS moved the omission of clause 34, which provided that no buildings should be erected on the ground abutting on the embankment without the consent of the Chief Commissioner of Works to the plan thereof.

Mr. COWPER supported the clause, and, after some discussion, the Committee divided, and the amendment was negatived by 162 to 145. The clause was then agreed to.

The remaining clauses having been agreed to,

Mr. AYRTON moved the addition of a clause providing that, in case the societies of the Inner and Middle Temple should not admit the public freely to the use of their gardens, the land to be given them under the bill should become vested in the Board of Works for the purposes of public recreation.

The clause was opposed by Mr. M. SMITH, who explained the liberal arrangements made by the Benchers for the admission of the public at seasonable hours to their gardens.

On a division, the clause was negatived by 139 to 13, and the bill passed through Committee.

OUR FORTIFICATIONS.

On the order for going into Committee on the Fortifications (Provision for Expenses) Bill,

Mr. LINDSAY moved as an amendment, "That it is expedient to postpone the consideration of further expenditure upon the proposed fortifications authorised by this bill until there have been laid before the House copies or extracts of reports from our Naval Attaché at Paris showing the state of the French navy, from time to time, at intervals not exceeding three months, during the years 1860 and 1861."

The proposition was seconded by Mr. Cobden.

Lord C. PAGET briefly replied to Mr. Lindsay, and argued that the iron-cased navy of France was making very great progress, and that the measures which her Majesty's Government were taking for strengthening our armaments were regulated by information in the truth of which they had every confidence.

Mr. COBDEN declared, in opposition to all the general and vague assertions of the Government, that for the last twelve or fourteen years the French Navy bore far less proportion to the English Navy than it did in the reign of Louis Philippe. The hon. gentleman, having read a number of statistics to show that England had expended a much larger sum in naval preparations during the last twelve years than France had done, proceeded to comment upon the conduct of the Premier in reference to invasion panics, and declared that the noble Viscount was to a large extent responsible for those absurd and groundless apprehensions.

Sir J. PAKINGTON said he had never heard any speech from Lord Palmerston on the subject of the preparations making by France which was not based upon correct information. The navy of France was at this moment superior (in the matter of iron-cased ships) to that of England, and it behoved her Majesty's Government not to relax the efforts which they were now making to reconstruct our maritime defence.

Lord PALMERSTON observed that the subjects referred to by Messrs. Lindsay and Cobden had nothing whatever to do with the question before the House. The hon. member for Rochdale was very angry with him, and had accused him of every possible breach of every duty incumbent on a Prime Minister. He received those accusations with the utmost calmness, because he differed so much from Mr. Cobden that he felt proud at being the object of his censure. His (Lord Palmerston's) idea was that England ought to be defended, and that, as her Navy could not exist without dockyards, it was necessary to have them permanently fortified, so as to be serviceable in the case of any sudden emergency. The views held by Mr. Cobden on subjects of this kind were wholly fallacious, and if the country were to place confidence in them they would be following a blind and misguided leader. The hon. member was no doubt a great authority upon free trade, but in speaking upon naval and military subjects he was *ultra crepidam*, and became a most dangerous counsellor.

The amendment was then withdrawn, and the bill passed through Committee.

HOUSE OF LORDS.—TUESDAY.

The Merchant Shipping Acts, &c., Amendment Bill, and the Police Improvement (Scotland) Bill were read a second time.

The Sale of Spirits Bill and the Naval and Victualling Stores Bill passed through Committee.

The Queen's Prison Discontinuance Bill and the Crown Private Estates Bill were read a third time and passed.

SLAVE TRADE.—Earl RUSSELL moved the second reading of the African Slave Trade Treaty Bill, saying a few words in commendation of the conduct of the American Government in entering into the convention which the bill legalised.—The Earl of DERBY also eulogised the conduct pursued by the United States' Executive.—The bill was read a second time.

GAME LAWS.—On the report of amendments of the Game Laws Amendment Bill a conversation ensued, in the course of which the Earl of DERBY expressed a hope that the bill, which had been extended to Ireland, would not be opposed in the House of Commons; and the Marquis of CLANRICARDE stated that he did not anticipate any opposition in that House. At the suggestion of the LORD CHANCELLOR, the title of the bill was altered to a "Bill for the Prevention of Night-poaching."

HAMPSTEAD HEATH.—Lord CHELMSFORD moved the second reading of the Leases and Sales of Settled Estates Act Amendment Bill, the object of which he stated to be to meet a case of injustice—that of Sir Thomas Maryon Wilson, lord of the manor of Hampstead, who, by the Act now in operation, was prevented from exercising his right, as tenant for life of an estate in that neighbourhood, of building at the south-east corner of Hampstead-heath.—Lord EBURY strongly opposed the bill, which was supported by Lord Cranworth, the Lord Chancellor, and the Marquis of Clanricarde; and it was read a second time.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.—TUESDAY.

PAROCHIAL ASSESSMENTS.—At a morning sitting the House went into Committee on the Parochial Assessments Bill, and clauses up to 13 were disposed of, when the sitting was suspended at four o'clock.

ITALY.—At the evening sitting, in answer to Mr. Maguire, Lord PALMERSTON said that information had been received from St. Petersburg that the Russian Government had determined to recognise the kingdom of Italy, and a message had been sent to Turin for the purpose, but no intelligence had been received of the formal act of recognition. The Government had been informed that it was also the intention of Prussia to recognise the kingdom of Italy.

KERTCH PRIZE-MONEY.—Sir J. HAY brought forward the subject of the delay in paying the prize-money due to the soldiers and sailors for the capture of Yenikale and Kertch, and moved that it was inexpedient that any further delay should take place.—Lord PALMERSTON stated that the delay was no fault of the Government, but arose from the difficulty in getting the returns and from certain questions of law and international law which had arisen and which were under consideration by the law officers of the Crown.—After an animated discussion, the motion was agreed to.

GYMNASTIC TRAINING.—Lord ELCHO moved that aid should be given for the extension of the practice of systematised gymnastic training, and for teaching military and naval drill, as now practised in the district half-time schools for orphans and destitute children, and in other schools for pauper children.—Mr. LOWE said the proposition was one which could not be entertained by the Government, with a view to increasing the grants to schools from the public revenue.—Mr. ADDERLEY suggested that the resolution should be made more practical, by words binding the Committee for Education to insist on gymnastic exercises being adopted in schools to which the aid of the State was given. The motion was negatived.

CHINA.

Mr. WHITE moved that it is the opinion of the House that the Government should direct the British authorities and commanders of her Majesty's naval and military forces in China to avoid any intervention beyond that absolutely necessary for the defence of those British subjects who abstain from all interference with the civil war now raging in that country. He urged that the relations of this country with China must occupy, ere long, the attention of the House; for, in fact, we were now waging a little war in that country, and, if the policy of the Government was pursued, it would grow into one of large dimensions. From all that was going on in China it appeared that England, in conjunction with France, was pledged to an offensive and defensive alliance with the Imperial Government. It was the fact that the Taepings were ready to come to terms with the Imperial Government, and they had such a respect for British power that this country had only to will that course and it would be adopted. He inquired who was to pay the expenses of the hostilities that were going on.

Sir L. PALK seconded the motion, arguing that the policy of this country in China should be one of strict peace and neutrality; whereas we were already engaged in war there—on a small scale now, but one which would ere long swell into large dimensions.

Mr. GREGSON contended that the Government were pursuing a course of neutrality in China, and all the warlike operations which were undertaken by the British troops was for the protection of the treaty ports and of British life and property.

Mr. Kinnaird opposed, and Colonel Sykes supported, the motion.

Mr. LAYARD said the Taepings were a mere band of marauders, who were unable and did not attempt to set up any established Government. They were not a national party, and they represented no principle. Wherever the British appeared the inhabitants looked to them for safety and protection from the rebels. He justified the course taken by the Government. The Imperial Government in China represented order, as distinguished from the Taepings, who represented disorder. It was not intended to defend the Imperial Government, but only to defend British interests; while a moral support was given to the party of order.

Mr. COBDEN said that his apprehensions with regard to our relations with China had been increased by the speech of Mr. Layard. It was a fallacy to speak of the Chinese Government, for there was, in fact, no real Government in China. The destruction of the Chinese Government was caused by the last two wars which England waged against China. The sole interest of this country in China was the trade carried on in two staple productions of the country, and he believed that the trade should be left to itself, and that no attempt should be made to open up China. He therefore contended that, while adequate protection was given to our merchants and traders, we should not seek to establish ourselves to any extent in China, and should seek to avoid all contact—especially political contact—with the people; and he would withdraw from some of the treaty ports which were not necessary and advantageous to our trade, and concentrate our trade as far as possible.

Lord PALMERSTON said that if it were true that the wars waged by England against China undermined and destroyed the Imperial Government, and gave encouragement to the Taepings, it was our duty to make amends by endeavouring to re-establish that authority we were said to have destroyed. He agreed with Mr. Cobden in the fundamental principles on which our intercourse with China ought to be carried on—namely, that our proceedings should be confined to trading and commercial transactions; but, if our merchants went thither of their own accord, still it was the duty of our Government to protect them. Mr. Cobden urged that no attempt should be made to penetrate into China, but that our traders should remain on the coast and trust to trade coming to them; but that was not the opinion of the merchants in China, who were desirous of access to the interior of the country, in order to enlarge the sphere of their operations. The Government of China was now headed by an enlightened man, who was aware of the value of intercourse with those with whom his country traded; and there was a great improvement in the trade with the country, and this would not have been effected unless we had established a mission in the capital. He justified the course taken by this country in assisting to regulate the finances of China, and stated his ignorance of any causes which were calculated to bring on a great war with that country, when all our action was directed towards assisting and strengthening, instead of opposing and weakening, the Chinese Government.

Mr. Whiteside having briefly criticised the policy of Lord Palmerston in China, and Mr. White having replied,

Mr. WALPOLE objected to the form of the motion, and stated that he would vote against it, though he objected to the policy of the Government.

Lord J. MANNERS stated that he should vote for it.

On a division the motion was lost by 197 to 88.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.—WEDNESDAY.

The Roman Catholic Prisoners Bill, the second reading of which was moved by Mr. Heunessy, was rejected without a division.

The second reading of the Sale of Beer Bill, the object of which is to extend the provisions of the Tippling Act, which now applies only to spirits, to the case of beer, and deprive publicans of the facilities for recovering scores in the county court, was carried by 93 to 90.

Some discussion ensued on the Church-rate Commutation Bill of Mr. Newdegate, in which Sir G. Grey acknowledged there was much good, but thought it would be impossible to pass it this Session; and Mr. Newdegate consented to withdraw the bill.

The third reading of the Clergy Relief Bill was opposed by Sir L. Palk, who said the principle of the bill was a monstrous one. The necessity for the measure was contended for by Lord Henley, Mr. Bouverie, and Sir G. Grey. On a division the third reading was negatived by 98 votes to 88.

HOUSE OF LORDS.—THURSDAY.

THE DIVORCE COURT.—The Marquis of CLANRICARDE asked the noble and learned Lord opposite (Brougham) whether he intended to postpone a bill which stood in his name for a second reading with reference to cases in the Divorce Court relating to the validity of marriage being tried by a jury?—Lord BROUGHAM said he would proceed with his bill with as little delay as possible, but (as we understood) he did not think it would be during the present Session.

SALMON FISHERIES BILL.—The House then went into Committee on this bill, the clauses of which occupied their Lordships' consideration during the remainder of the evening.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.—THURSDAY.

THE ARMSTRONG GUN.—Sir G. LEWIS, in reply to Mr. Osborne, stated that a gun of Sir W. Armstrong's construction had burst during the experiments at Shoeburyness in consequence, as he understood, of its having been exposed to too severe a test.

RECOGNITION OF ITALY BY RUSSIA.—Lord PALMERSTON, in reply to Mr. C. Bentinck, stated that, as far as her Majesty's Government was informed, the Government of Russia had recognised the independence of Italy wholly unconditionally, communications having previously taken place between the Governments of Russia, Italy, and France.

FORTIFICATIONS BILL.

The House went into Committee upon this bill.

Mr. B. OSBORNE proceeded to move his amendment to the clause which gave authority to the Government to raise £1,200,000, that it be reduced to £800,000. The hon. member entered into a very lengthened exposition of of our natural defences, and complained that there was not the necessity for the enormous expenditure the House was called upon to vote. He denied the proposition of the noble Lord (Palmerston) that there was any necessity or so extensive a prepartion of defence, when a war with any other Power was chimerical; and he challenged the noble Lord to show any cause to support his views, and cited the reported opinions of Sir John Burgoyne, Sir De Lacy Evans, and Admiral Berkeley, that it was impossible to deport an army on our shores. With all respect to the noble Lord (the First Lord of the Treasury) he considered that the opinions of the men whose names he had quoted were of more importance than the opinions and suggestions of the noble Lord. It was proposed to erect fortifications seventeen miles in length at one point. How were they to be manned? How could the guns be worked? Volunteers could not do it. The proposed forts would require at the least 68,000 men. Volunteers were of no use. It was proposed that the batteries should contain 6000 guns, and that would involve the necessity of the employment of thirty men to each gun to make them efficient. With regard to the works at Portsdown, they had the positive evidence of Sir John Burgoyne that it was wholly unnecessary to construct these fortifications. The Duke of Wellington never asked for fortifications. He asked for a army and a supply of men. Sir John Burgoyne said, make up your earthworks, if you like, but build no brick walls. He found the noble Lord had, during his administration, in the course of twelve years, spent no less a sum than 293,000,000 of money in the protection of the country, and he now asked for a million and a half more. The noble Lord was a most expensive luxury (Loud laughter). The hon. member then proceeded to resist the vote of the Government, and said they only contemplated an excessive and unnecessary expenditure.

Mr. BRUCE supported the views of the Government.

In the course of the discussion which followed, Lord PALMERSTON defended the principles of those fortifications, and denied the charge made against him of having, in his speech the other night, ridiculed free trade and the commercial treaty with France, and of having spoken offensively of their great advocate and author, Mr. Cobden.

Mr. COBDEN commented in severe terms upon the policy and opinions of Lord Palmerston, who, he said, was the author of this absurd notion of fortifications, and was almost the only sincere advocate of them in his Cabinet.

Upon a division, Mr. Osborne's proposition was defeated by a majority of 110 to 62.

The first clause of the bill was then agreed to.

The remaining clauses formed the subject of discussion during the remainder of the night.

NEWMARKET JULY MEETING.—MONDAY.

Handicap Sweepstakes.—Zora, 1. Kory Kory, 2.
Sweepstakes of 10 sovs.—Chemisette, 1. Alice, 2.
Handicap Plate.—Vertumna, 1. Doglia, 2.
July Stakes.—Saccharometer, 1. Blue Mantle, 2.
Plate of 50 sovs.—Duke Rollo, 1. Pastime, 2.
Sweepstakes of 10 sovs.—Confectioner, 1. Walloon, 2.

TUESDAY.

Handicap Plate of £50.—Dark Lady, 1. Baffler, 2.
Stamford Plate.—Thunderbolt, 1. Palestro, 2.
Exeter Stakes.—Armagnac, 1. Weatherbow, 2.
Sweepstakes of 10 sovs.—Witch of Endor, 1. Peneus, 2.
Plate of 50 sovs.—Canace, 1. Alecto, 2.
Town Plate.—Duke Rollo walked over.

WEDNESDAY.

Handicap Sweepstakes of 10 sovs.—Tubal Cain, 1. Fig, 2.
Handicap Sweepstakes of 15 sovs.—Oberon, 1. Boabdil, 2.
Midsummer Stakes.—Blackcock, 1. Keane, 2.
Handicap Plate of £50.—Clementi, 1. Dutch Sam, 2.
Chesterfield Stakes.—Saccharometer, 1. Lady Augusta, 2.
Sweepstakes of 10 sovs.—Bulliverne, 1. Chemisette 2.
Plate of 50 sovs.—Peneus, 1. Witch of Endor, 2.

WORCESTER RACES.—THURSDAY.

Croome Handicap.—Exchequer, 1. Lady Clifden, 2.
£50 Handicap Plate.—Jacob, 1. Jessie Brown, 2.
Madrasfield Stakes.—Abernethy, 1. Devotee, 2.
Trial Handicap.—Doncaster, 1. Grand Vizier, 2.
Worcestershire Stakes.—Exchequer, 1. Montebello, 2.
City Plate.—Zingari, 1. Yorkshire Miss, 2.
Selling Stakes.—Mountain Doe, 1. Antwerp, 2.

The members of the Prince of Wales's Yacht Club concluded their season on Tuesday. The prize was a silver-gilt cup, value £21, and the following vessels entered and started:—Bessie, 9 tons, Mr. J. H. Hedge; Octoroon, 12 tons, Mr. C. Long; Violet, 9 tons, Lord De Ros. After an exciting struggle the Bessie proved the victor.

The last great aristocratic pigeon handicap of the season was shot off on Tuesday at Hornsey Wood. The first prize of 200 sovs. was won by the Marquis of Bowmont, and the second of 100 sovs. by Mr. Walsh. Seven tied for the third prize (55 sovs.) and the forfeits, which were won by Sir T. Hesketh and Mr. Corrance. Seventy-one tried their hand, and the Marquis of Hartington, who won the previous handicap, did not bring down one bird, a misfortune which he shared with fifteen others.

The Henley Regatta came off on Monday and Tuesday, and there was, as usual, a large programme to be decided. Monday was devoted to the trial-heats for the different prizes. On Tuesday the grand challenge cup was won by the London Rowing Club, after a tough race with the Oxford Trinity boat; the ladies' challenge cup by the Oxford University College boat, beating Eton by a length; the stewards' challenge cup (for four oars) by the Oxford Brasenose, beating the Cambridge Third Trinity by two lengths. The same crews rowed for the visitors' challenge cup with precisely the same result. Mr. Brickwood, of London, obtained the diamond challenge sculls, after a dead heat with W. B. Woodgate, of Oxford, winning easily the second heat. The latter was more successful in the last race for pair oars, rowing with Champneys, also of Oxford, and beating Messrs. Hawkshaw and Chambers, of Cambridge, by a length.

The seal fishery has failed this season in Newfoundland, and there is likely to be great distress there in consequence.

The Viceroy of Egypt, having completed his inspection of the principal "sights" of Liverpool, left that town on Tuesday afternoon, and reached Manchester after a journey of rather less than an hour. His Highness was received at the railway station with the honour due to his exalted rank, the Mayor, Town Clerk, and other officials, as well as a body of troops, being in attendance. Addresses were on Wednesday presented to the Viceroy, at the Townhall, by the Corporation, the Chamber of Commerce, and the Cotton Supply Association. His Highness briefly acknowledged the congratulations. He spoke of the cotton-supply question, and pledged himself that the next Egyptian crop would be at least fifty per cent greater than that of the past season. The presentation of addresses over, his Highness was entertained at a déjeûner in the large room of the Townhall. The Mayor occupied the chair, the Viceroy being seated on his Worship's right. Several toasts were proposed, including "The health and future happiness" of his Highness, which was drunk amid great applause. His Highness, who was loudly cheered as he rose to reply, briefly responded, expressing his gratification at the warm welcome with which he had been greeted in London, Liverpool, and Manchester.

COUNTRY NEWS.

The *Inverness Courier* announces the death, at an advanced age, of Miss Macpherson, the daughter of Mr. James Macpherson, the translator of "Ossian."

At the Devonport Quarter Sessions, last week, the Recorder found not a single prisoner to try. This is the second quarter this year in which the Recorder has won his white gloves.

Six men were drowned last week by a sudden irruption of water into a coalpit at Llannelly, but forty-two effected their escape through a newly-constructed second shaft.

The clipper-ship Ocean Chief sailed from Liverpool for Queensland on Tuesday, with a large number of passengers. This is the second ship within the last few weeks which has left the Mersey for the same district.

The Federal corvette Tuscarora, which was dispatched some time ago to capture the Confederate cruisers Sumter and Nashville, and which failed to make a prize of either of those daring marauders, made her appearance again at Southampton on Monday.

Mr. Adderley has offered to give to the public the park at Saltley which now bears his name. The gift is equivalent to a donation of not less than £18,000. Not only does Mr. Adderley give the land, but with it he gives also the handsome musuem and curator's house erected upon it.

The nomination for the election of the country of Montgomery took place on Wednesday at Montgomery. Both candidates addressed a large assemblage of electors. The show of hands was in favour of Mr. Tracy, the Liberal candidate. The polling takes place to-day (Saturday).

At Dublin, on Monday, the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland laid the foundation-stone of the King and Queen's College of Physicians in Ireland, on the site of the Kildare-street Clubhouse, which was burnt some time ago. There was a numerous assemblage of the nobility, the medical profession, and the gentry of the city.

A movement has at length been set on foot by the Wigan Relief Committee with a view to provide suitable employment for the hundreds of young women in that town who have now been out of employ for about nine months in consequence of the cotton famine. It is intended to open rooms in which the young women may be instructed and employed in sewing and domestic occupations.

The 300-pounder Armstrong gun was again tried at Shoeburyness on Monday, against a target representing a section of the side of the iron-plated frigate Minotaur. The first three shots played sad havoc with the target, but at the fourth round the gun gave way at the breech. This is the gun which was said to have been seriously damaged some time ago when tested with a 90lb. charge of powder. The charge used on Monday was 50lb.

MONETARY TRANSACTIONS OF THE WEEK.

(From our City Correspondent.)

THE dividend payments having been commenced at the Bank of England, the supply of money in the general discount market has increased to some extent. On the whole, however, the demand for accommodation has ruled steady, at the annexed quotations for the best commercial paper:—

Thirty days' bills ..	.. 2½ to — per cent.	Four months' bills..	.. 2¾ to 3 per cent.
Sixty days' bills ..	.. 2½ to 2¾ "	Six months' bills ..	.. 3½ to 4½ "
Three months' bills	.. 2½ to 2¾ "		

On Thursday the directors of the Bank of England reduced their minimum rate of discount from 3 to 2½ per cent.

There is now more money afloat in the Stock Exchange, and its value for short periods is 2 per cent.

At the half-yearly meeting of the Union Bank of London a dividend of 15s. per share was declared, being an increase of 3s. compared with the previous half-year.

The Bombay, Baroda, and Central India Railway have raised the whole of the £700,000 required to complete the greater portion of the line.

During the first six months of the present year the total import of bullion into London amounted to £12,677,421, against £9,943,095 in the corresponding period in 1861. The shipments were £12,564,751, against £13,622,504.

The American Congress has authorised an additional issue of £31,000,000 inconvertible paper.

No change of importance took place in the value of Home Stocks on Monday. Consols, for Transfer, were done at 92 to ⅛; ditto, for Account, 92⅛ ¼; Reduced and New Three per Cents, 91⅞ 92; Exchequer Bills, 12s. to 18s. prem.; Long Annuities, 15 5-16; Bank Stock was 234; India Five per Cents realised 108⅛ ¼; ditto, Bonds, 22s. prem.; ditto, Debentures, 100; the Five per Cent Rupee Paper was 104¼ 103¾; and the Five-and-a-Half per Cent, 110⅛. Prices were on the advance on Tuesday, with a firm market:—Consols, for Transfer, sold at 92¼ ⅜; ditto, for Time, 92⅜ ½; Reduced and New Three per Cents, 92⅛ ¼; Bank Stock, 234 to 236; India Five per Cents, 108⅜ ⅝; Rupee Paper, 104 to ⅛ and 110 to ⅛; India Bonds, 19s. to 22s.; Exchequer Bills, 15s. to 18s. prem. On the following day prices were not quite so firm:—Consols left off at 92⅛ ¼ for Money, and 92¼ ⅜ for Account; Bank Stock, 234 to 236; Reduced and New Three per Cents, 92 to ⅛; India Five per Cents, 108 to ⅛; Rupee Paper, 103⅞ to 104⅛ and 110 to ⅛; India Bonds, 20s. to 23s.; Exchequer Bills, 15s. to 18s. prem. On Thursday the market opened heavily, but subsequently improved:—Consols, for Money, marked 92 to 92⅛; for Account, 92⅛ to ¼; the Reduced and New Threes, 91⅞ to 92⅛; and Exchequer Bills, 15s. to 18s. prem.

The principal feature in the Foreign House is an important advance in the value of Egyptian Scrip. Spanish Certificates are less active, and the quotations have had a downward tendency; but rather more firmness has been observed in Portuguese stock. Brazilian Five per Cents have marked 100¾; Ditto, 1829 and 1859, 99¾; Ditto, Four-and-a-Half per Cents, 90¼; Buenos Ayres Six per Cents, 96; Chilian Four-and-a-Half per Cents, 83¾; Equador, 18¼; Egyptian, 87½; Italian Railway, 71 ex div.; Norwich, 96½; Portuguese Three per Cents, 44½; Ditto, New, 44; Mexican Three per Cents, 21⅞; Russian Three per Cents, 58⅞; Ditto, New, 92⅞; Sardinian Five per Cents, 83; Spanish Three per Cents, 54; Ditto, Deferred, 42⅞; Ditto, Passive, 19¼; Ditto, Certificates, 9⅞; Turkish Old Six per Cents, 84⅞; Ditto, New, 71½; Ditto Four per Cents, 103¼; Dutch Two-and-a-Half per Cents, 64; and Italian Five per Cents, 70½. Italian Scrip has realised 7⅞; Russian, ¼ dis to par; Turkish, 1 to 1½ prem. ex div.; and Italian Railway Scrip, ⅜ dis.

Joint-stock Bank Shares have continued firm, and prices have been well supported:—Alliance have marked 10⅞; Bank of Egypt, 24½; Chartered of British Columbia, 5; Chartered of India, Australia, and China, 20⅞; English, Scottish, and Australian Chartered, 18¼; Chartered Mercantile of India, London, and China, 35¼; Imperial, 7; London and Brazilian, 5⅞; London and County, 39; London Joint Stock, 36½; London and South African, 12½; London and Westminster, 82; Ottoman, 26⅞; and Union of London, 35½.

Colonial Government Securities have ruled somewhat more active:—Canada Six per Cents, 1877-82, have been done at 106 ex div.; Ditto Five per Cent, 96 ex div.; Cape Six per Cents, 111½ ex div.; New Brunswick Six per Cents, 104 ex div.; New South Wales Five per Cents, 1871 to 1876, 98½ ex div.; Ditto, 1888 to 1891, 97½ ex div.; and Victoria Six per Cents, 106½.

In the Miscellaneous Market the dealings have been far from numerous. Bombay Gas have marked 1; Crystal Palace, 34⅞; Electric Telegraph, 102½; English and Australian Copper, 2½; General Steam, 26½; National Discount, 6⅞; North British Australasian, 1; Rio de Janeiro City Improvements, 3 ex div.; Royal Mail Steam, 54½; Telegraph to India, ¼; and Van Diemen's Land, 14.

There has been more doing in the Railway Share Market than for some time past, and the quotations have shown more firmness. The following are Thursday's official closing prices:—

ORDINARY SHARES AND STOCKS.—Caledonian, 105; East Anglian, 20⅞; Eastern Counties, 56½; Great Northern, 117½; Ditto, A Stock, 113½; Great Western, 71⅞; Lancashire and Yorkshire, 104⅞; London and Blackwall, 60; London and Brighton, 123½; London, Chatham, and Dover, 46½; London and North-Western, 94⅞; London and South-Western, 100; Manchester, Sheffield, and Lincolnshire, 38; Metropolitan, 8⅞; Midland, 127½; Norfolk, 73; North British, 63; North-Eastern—Berwick, 96; Ditto, York, 82½; North London, 103; South Devon, 36½; South Durham and Lancashire Union, 27; Taff Vale, B, 12½; West Midland, 44⅞.

PREFERENCE SHARES.—Eastern Counties, Five per Cent, No. 2, 110; Great Northern, Five per Cent, 113½; London, Chatham, and Dover, 100; South-Eastern—Reading Annuity, 23½; West Midland—Oxford, 129½; Ditto—Newport, 108.

LINES LEASED AT FIXED RENTALS.—London, Chatham, and Dover, 11⅞; Wilts and Somerset, 92 ex div.

BRITISH POSSESSIONS.—Bombay, Baroda, and Central India, 100½ ex div.; Buffalo and Lake Huron Preference, 8; Cape Town and Dock, 107⅞; East Indian, 104 ex div.; Grand Trunk of Canada, 21½; Ditto Six per Cent Preference, 63; Ditto, Debenture, 33; Great Indian Peninsula, 102 ex div.; Ditto, 12½ ex div.; Great Southern of India, 100½ ex div.; Great Western of Canada, 11⅞; Madras Five per Cent, 101 ex div.; Ditto Four-and-Three-Quarters per Cent, 94 ex div.

FOREIGN.—Antwerp and Rotterdam, 6⅞; Bahia and San Francisco, 13½; Dutch Rhenish, 17½; Great Luxembourg, 14½; San Paulo, 8⅞ ex div.; South Austrian and Lombardo Venetian, 22½.

The return of the Bank of England for the week ending July 9 shows the following results when compared with the previous statement:—

An increase of circulation of	£262,129	A decrease of other securities of..	£1,290,535
A decrease of public deposits of..	4,242,405	An increase of bullion of	634,706
An increase of other deposits of..	3,347,846	An increase of rest of............	73,070
A decrease of Govt. Securities of..	130,572	An increase of reserve of	634,961

The total circulation is £22,504,490. Public deposits amount to £5,429,939, and private deposits to £17,199,715. Securities are £31,287,912, and the stock of bullion is £17,055,537.

Friday Afternoon.

Increased firmness has been observed in the market for Home Securities to-day, and a further advance has taken place in the currencies. Consols, for Money, are 92⅛ to ¼; for Account, 92¼ to ⅜; the Reduced and the New Three per Cents, 92 to 92⅛; and Exchequer Bills, 15s. to 18s. prem. Indian Securities are somewhat inactive, at about yesterday's quotations. In the Foreign House about an average business has been transacted, and prices, on the whole, have ruled firm. Railway Shares have been steady at, mostly, full quotations.

THE MARKETS.

CORN EXCHANGE (Friday).—Fresh up to this morning's market the arrivals of English wheat were very small. The demand, however, was in a sluggish state for all qualities; nevertheless, prices were fairly supported. There was a good show of foreign wheat on the stands. In most descriptions a limited and retail business was transacted, at about Monday's currency. Floating cargoes of grain were in slow request, on former terms. The barley trade was very firm, and the late advance in prices was fully maintained. Malt sold steadily, and the currencies ruled firm. For oats there was a tolerably active inquiry, at full quotations. The supply on offer was by no means extensive. Beans and peas were in limited supply and steady request, at quite previous rates. Flour moved off somewhat freely, at extreme quotations.

Arrivals this Week.—English: wheat, 790; barley, 70; malt, 2940; oats, 210; flour, 1130. Irish: oats, 190. Foreign: wheat, 24,080; barley, 4300; oats, 16,540; flour, 200 sacks, 935 barrels.

English.—Wheat, Essex and Kent, red, 53s. to 58s.; ditto, white, 54s. to 66s.; Norfolk and Suffolk, red, 52s. to 58s.; rye, 31s. to 34s.; grinding barley, 26s. to 29s.; distilling ditto, 29s. to 32s.; malting ditto, 30s. to 38s.; Lincoln and Norfolk malt, 62s. to 63s.; brown ditto, 50s. to 57s.; Kingston and Ware, 62s. to 65s.; Chevalier, 66s. to 67s.; Yorkshire and Lincolnshire feed oats, 20s. to 24s.; potato ditto, 23s. to 27s.; Youghal and Cork, black, 17s. to 24s.; ditto, white, 17s. to 24s.; tick beans, 34s. to 36s.; grey peas, 35s. to 36s.; maple, 39s. to 41s.; white, 38s. to 40s.; boilers, 40s. to 41s. per quarter. Town-made flour, 45s. to 51s.; town households, 42s. to 44s.; country marks, 36s. to 39s. per 280lb.; American, 22s. to 30s. per barrel.

Seeds.—Linseed and rapeseed are in fair request, at full prices. Otherwise the trade is heavy, on former terms. Cakes are steady.

Linseed, English, crushing, 58s. to 60s.; Calcutta, 60s. to 64s.; hempseed, 48s. to 50s. per quarter; coriander, 14s. to 16s. per cwt.; brown mustard seed, 12s. to 14s.; white ditto, 7s. to 9s.; tares, 7s. to 8s. per bushel; English rapeseed, 72s. to 75s. per quarter. Linseed cakes, English, £9 10s. to £10 10s.; ditto, foreign, £9 10s. to £11; rape cakes, £5 10s. to £6 per ton; canary, 50s. to 56s. per quarter; red clover, 38s. to 56s.; white ditto, 50s. to 64s. per cwt.

Bread.—The prices of wheaten bread in the metropolis are from 8d. to 8½d.; of household ditto, 6d. to 7½d. per 4lb. loaf.

Imperial Weekly Averages.—Wheat, 56s. 7d.; barley, 32s. 3d.; oats, 24s. 2d.; rye, 37s. 1d.; beans, 40s. 7d.; peas, 42s. 1d.

The Six Weeks' Averages.—Wheat, 54s. 11d.; barley, 32s. 6d.; oats, 22s. 8d.; rye, 38s. 2d.; beans, 40s. 4d.; peas, 38s.

English Grain Sold Last Week.—Wheat, 59,791; barley, 360; oats, 3002; rye, 28; beans, 2252; peas, 94 quarters.

Tea.—Advices from China state that the total shipments to Great Britain amounted to 93,000,000lb. There is, however, a fair average business doing in most kinds of tea, at full prices.

Sugar.—Good and fine raw qualities have sold steadily, on former terms; but damp parcels are a dull inquiry. Barbadoes has realised 38s. to 40s. 6d.; Antigua, St. Kitts, and Dominica, 30s. to 36s. 6d. per cwt. Refined goods are in request, at 49s. 6d. per cwt. for common brown lumps.

Coffee.—Owing to increased arrivals and stocks, the demand is inactive. In prices, however, very little change has taken place.

Rice.—Rather a large business has been passing in most kinds, at full quotations.

Provisions.—Irish butter is in steady request, at fully previous rates. The best foreign is selling at 100s. to 102s. per cwt. No change has taken place in the value of English. There is a good consumptive demand for both hams and bacon on rather higher terms. Other provisions rule about stationary.

Tallow.—The demand has continued quiet. P.Y.C., on the spot, has sold at 47s.; and for delivery during the last three months, 48s. per cwt.

Oils.—Linseed oil is in request, at £39 10s. per ton. Rape is quoted at £48 10s. to £52; olive, £53 10s. to £56 10s.; cocoanut, £52 10s. to £54 10s.; and fine palm, £42 10s. American turpentine has advanced to 110s. and French to 108s. per cwt.

Spirits.—Most kinds of rum are in fair request, at full prices. Proof Leewards, 1s. 4d. to 1s. 5d.; proof East India, 1s. 4d. to 1s. 5d. per gallon. Brandy is selling at from 5s. to 11s. 6d.; Hambro' spirit, 1s. 7d. to 1s. 8d.; English ditto, 1s. 10d. to 2s. 2d.; and English gin, for export, 2s. 6d. to 3s. per gallon.

Hay and Straw.—Meadow hay, £1 16s. to £5; clover, £3 10s. to £6; and straw, £1 18s. to £2 2s. per load. A slow trade.

Wool.—The market is very inactive, at late currencies. The stock of colonial wool is now upwards of 80,000 bales.

Potatoes.—New qualities are in good supply and steady request, at from 95s. to 170s. per ton.

Coals (Friday).—Best house coals, 16s. to 16s. 6d.; seconds, 14s. to 15s.; Hartley's, 12s. 6d. to 14s. 9d.; and manufacturers', 11s. to 13s. 6d. per ton.

Hops (Friday).—Good and fine new hops are in steady request, and prices have an upward tendency. Old qualities are in fair demand for export, at late rates; but other kinds command very little attention. The plantation are suffering from an absence of settled weather. Mid and East Kent pockets, 126s. to 168s.; Weald of Kents, 120s. to 135s.; Sussex, 105s. to 120s. per cwt.

Metropolitan Cattle Market (Thursday, July 10).—Our market to-day was fairly supplied with beasts, in, for the most part, but middling condition. Amongst them were 140 oxen from Spain. Prime stock sold steadily, at full prices; otherwise the beef trade was in a sluggish state, on former terms. Down and half-bred sheep were steady, at Monday's currency. Heavy sheep, however, were a dull inquiry, at late rates. No change took place in the value of lambs, but the inquiry for them was somewhat restricted. Prime calves were firm in price. Inferior calves sold heavily. The pork trade was in a sluggish state, and the currencies had a downward tendency. Milch cows were very dull. Per 8lb. to sink the offal:—Coarse and inferior beasts, 3s. to 3s. 2d.; second quality ditto, 3s. 4d. to 3s. 8d.; prime large oxen, 3s. 10d. to 4s. 6d.; prime Scots, &c., 4s. 8d. to 4s. 10d.; coarse and inferior sheep, 3s. 6d. to 3s. 8d.; second quality ditto, 3s. 10d. to 4s. 2d.; prime coarse-woolled sheep, 4s. 4d. to 4s. 8d.; prime South Down ditto, 4s. 10d. to 5s.; large coarse calves, 4s. to 4s. 6d.; prime small ditto, 4s. 8d. to 5s.; large hogs, 4s. to 4s. 6d.; neat small porkers, 4s. 8d. to 4s. 10d.; lambs, 5s. to 6s. 4d.; suckling calves, 10s. to 22s.; and quarter-old store pigs, 19s. to 20s. each. Total supply:—Beasts, 1030; cows, 136; sheep and lambs, 9900; calves, 390; pigs, 340. Foreign beasts, 310; sheep and lambs, 1050; calves, 205.

Newgate and Leadenhall (Friday).—The supply of meat is large, and the demand rules heavy, at reduced currencies. Inferior beef, 2s. 8d. to 2s. 10d.; middling ditto, 3s. to 3s. 4d.; prime large ditto, 3s. 6d. to 3s. 10d.; prime small ditto, 4s. to 4s. 2d.; large pork, 3s. 8d. to 4s. 2d.; inferior mutton, 3s. 4d. to 3s. 8d.; middling ditto, 3s. 10d. to 4s. 2d.; prime ditto, 4s. 4d. to 4s. 6d.; veal, 3s. 8d. to 4s. 6d.; small pork, 4s. 4d. to 4s. 8d.; lamb, 4s. 8d. to 5s. 6d. per 8lb. by the carcase.

ROBERT HERBERT.

THE LONDON GAZETTE,

FRIDAY, JULY 4.

BANKRUPTS.

H. C. DUPPA, Bolton-street.—G. WESTON, Hounslow, Middlesex, wheelwright.—G. F. KAY, Richard-street, Limehouse-fields, licensed victualler.—W. BRADFORD, Church-street, Paddington, schoolmaster.—T. CLARK, Margate, lodging-house keeper.—E. WOODARD, Portobello-terrace, Kensington Park, builder.—E. SISSON, Bishopsgate-street Within, confectioner.—D. S. PEZZALI, Fish-street-hill.—J. W. FLACK, Compton-street, Bloomsbury, greengrocer.—J. M'GREGOR, Charles-street, Middlesex Hospital, tailor.—J. BURROWS, Studley, Oxfordshire, licensed victualler.—F. KERSHAW, Wakefield, Yorkshire, brickmaker. F. FOORD, Lewisham, Kent, commission agent.—G. S. WEST, Clapham, baker.—W. M'CREE, Little Newport-street, Leicester-square, chemist.—F. B. HOGHTON, Champion-grove, Camberwell, consulting surgeon.—H. KEYTE and E. WYATT, New Nichols-street, Shoreditch, chenille manufacturers.—T. CROGER, Oxford-street, musical instrument maker.—SARAH ANN MAYNARD, Cloth-fair, baker.—E. T. KEYS, Woolwich, accoucheur.—H. V. LUIK, Windmill-street, tailor.—E. J. SPRANGE, Threadneedle-street, underwriter.—J. MARKS, Wood-street, Spitalfields, dealer in jewellery.—W. FARNHAM, Old-street, St. Luke's, woollen draper.—M. CLARK, Bread-street, Cheapside, commission agent.—W. M. WOODGATES, Warminster, Wiltshire, corn dealer.—W. RANDALL, jun., Maidstone, licensed victualler.—J. BAILEY, Manchester, woollen-cloth merchant.—W. ASHWORTH and ANN CROSS, Rawtenstall, Lancashire, warp-sizers.—A. MITCHELL, South Hetton, Durham, tailor.—S. CAVE, Everton, Lancashire, butcher.—J. PRICE, Hereford, builder.—C. HAYNES, Bermondsey, tin-plate worker.—C. VENABLES, Harrow, omnibus proprietor. —R. L. CROUCH, Trinity-square, Southwark, dealer in tobacco.—W. HOMEWOOD, New-cross-gate, fancy draper.—I. BARNETT, New-street, Covent-garden, fruiterer.—W. D. L. EDWARDS, Hereford, grocer.—J. C. DEVILLE, Neatherseale, Leicestershire, farmer.—J. NURSE, Framilode, Gloucestershire, coal merchant.—J. HUGHES, Beaufort, Brecon, butcher. —H. TAYLOR, Horsforth, Yorkshire, cloth manufacturer.—J. ETHERINGTON, Knotty Ash, near Liverpool, brewer.—J. HARRISON, Liverpool, shipbroker.—T. EASTWOOD, Whitworth, Lancashire, farmer.—J. BAMPTON, Wymeswold, Leicestershire, victualler.—J. HALEY, Manchester, provision-dealer.—J. TIMPERLEY, Manchester, sausage-maker.—E. THOMPSON, Southwark, dealer in coals.—W. YOUNG, Groombridge, Sussex, baker.—W. WAGSTAFF, Horthill, Bedfordshire, market gardener.—J. STILLWELL, Brighton, tobacconist.—HARRIETT ANN DENNIS THORN, Cambridge, schoolmistress.—J. C. PRICE, Cambridge tailor.—J. GOWER, High Easter, Essex, farmer.—J. COCKS, Debenham, Suffolk, baker.—C. COUCHMAN, Hastings, Sussex, eatinghouse keeper.—H. MITCHELL, Warboys, Huntingdonshire, miller.—W. LEGO, Paignton, Devonshire, baker.—R. THREADGOULD, Attercliffe, near Sheffield, picture-frame dealer.—E. LOWTHER, Little Bampton, Cumberland, shoemaker.—T. HARRINGTON, Carleton, near Carlisle, blacksmith.—W. CALLENDER, Carlisle, draper.—G. GRAHAM, Carlisle, furniture broker.—T. HOPWOOD, Stockport, Cheshire, linendraper.—J. SHAWCROSS, Stockport, Cheshire, registrar of births and deaths.—H. BOULD, Stockport, Cheshire, confectioner.—J. and S. SHELDON, Rainow, Macclesfield, cotton spinners.—W. WASHINGTON, Hyde, Cheshire, tin-plate worker.—C. LEMAIRE, Savage-gardens, Tower-hill, wine merchants.—J. BAMPTON, Wymeswold, Leicestershire, victualler.

SCOTCH SEQUESTRATIONS.

C. FREEMAN, Glasgow, commercial traveller.—GRAY and M'KINLAY, Glasgow, silk bandana manufacturer.—W. SMEATON, Glasgow, spirit merchant.—W. CORNS, Edinburgh, bookbinder.—J. MORTON, West Carngillan, Tarbolton, farmer.—A. NIMMO, Glasgow, draper.—J. DOUGLAS, Glasgow, cornfactor.—J. POOCK, Edinburgh, cabinetmaker.—T. CALLENDER, jun., and CO., Kirkintilloch, tanners.

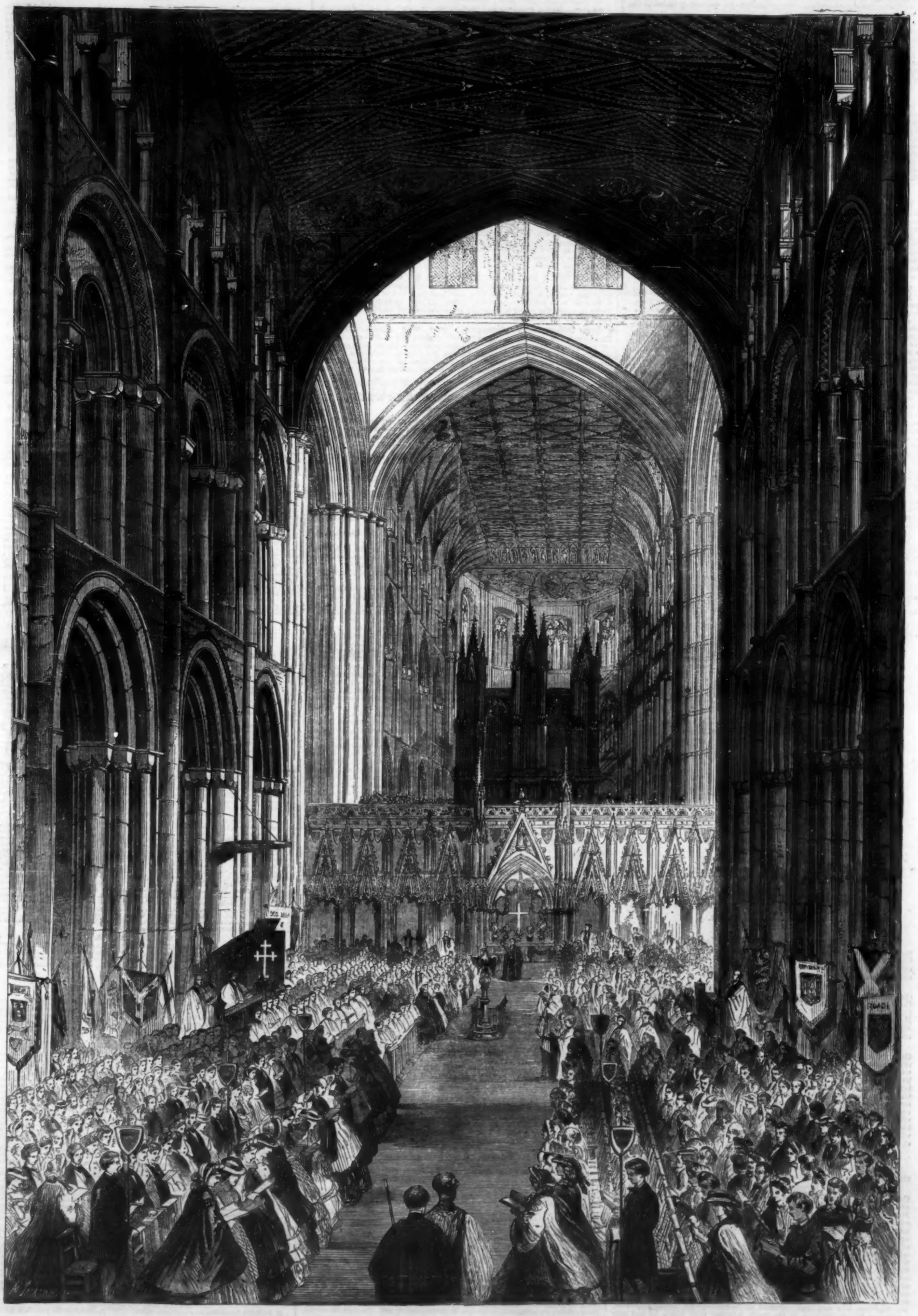
TUESDAY, JULY 8.

BANKRUPTS.

S. F. BILTON, Essex-street, Strand, and Finchley, barrister-at-law.—J. H. KENDALL, Sutherland-street, Pimlico, clerk in the War Office.—J. C. JONES, Richmond-terrace, Clapham-road, and London-wall, City, tailor.—H. BESSANT, Shirley, Hants, builder.—J. COLE, Cottage-road, Pimlico, gentleman.—R. J. A. FITZROY, Winchester-street, Pimlico, gentleman.—T. WATSON, Princes-street, Hanover-square, tailor.—E. CAIN and J. FAIRBAIRN, Richmond, Surrey, plumbers.—C. A. GIBBS, Marylebone-road, artist in stained glass.—W. A. TROLLOPE, Charles-street, Middlesex Hospital, porter at the Middlesex Hospital.—R. O. PITTKIN, Gloucester-place, Clapham, beer retailer.—J. RICHARDS, Jewin-street, Cripplegate, dairyman.—T. GALE, Park-road, Old Kent-road, carpenter.—W. READING, Sussex-mews, Regent's Park, gentleman's coachman.—CAROLINE BELSON, Frimley, Surrey, licensed victualler.—L. F. BERTOT, Parliament-street, Westminster, and York-road, Lambeth, scholastic agent.—T. PIERCE, Caroline-place, St. Pancras, dealer in china.—G. SAWYER, Guilford-street, Russell-square, doctor of medicine.—G. HEWER, Blenheim-street, New Bond-street, tailor.—E. W. HONNOR, Upper James-street, Camden-town, cab-driver.—E. BEAMENT, Praed-street, Paddington, baker.—J. and F. WILLIAMS, Birmingham, poulterers.—Rev. H. INMAN, North Searle, Lincolnshire, clerk.—R. SUTTON, Nottingham, draper.—R. HITCHINS, jun., Bristol, merchant.—W. SNOWDEN, Longford, Gloucestershire, agricultural implement maker.—M. JONES, widow, Aberamon, Glamorganshire, licensed victualler.—T. E. THOMAS, Cwmamman, Carmarthenshire, brick manufacturer.—W. L. HUGHES, Ystalyfera, Glamorganshire, grocer.—J. and W. WALKER, Gomersal, Yorkshire, woolstaplers.—H. STANTON, Leeds, bacon factor.—J. SHAW, Dodworth, Yorkshire, wood-turner.—J. TINKER, Newton-upon-Trent, Lincolnshire, blacksmith.—R. LACEBY, South Killingholme, Lincolnshire, licensed victualler.—J. COPELAND, St. Helen's, Lancashire, grocer.—J. DAILEY, Manchester, warehouseman.—J. S. SMITH, Wigan, Lancashire, provision dealer.—H. MARSDEN and J. CLARKE, Blackburn, manufacturers.—J. H. ROBINSON, Over Darwen, Lancashire, joiner.—P. W. HANSEN, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, merchant.—M. BURNARD, Bear-lane, Blackfriars-road, carman.—A. E. CRUTCHLEY, Sparkbrook, Worcestershire, draper's assistant.—J. NASH, Birmingham, journeyman stonemason.—W. HASKAYNE, Waterloo, near Liverpool, commission agent.—E. LOWCOCK, Liverpool, foreman to a hide broker.—W. BAGGALEY, Newton Heath, near Manchester, boot manufacturer.—J. PARFREY, Bristol, coachmaker.—J. CALDWELL, Nottingham, beerhouse keeper.—H. SINGLEHURST, Nottingham, coal dealer.—W. WOODMAN, Brockhurst, Hants, baker.—W. ATTEWELL, Nottingham, lace manufacturer.—W. P. NOBLE, Gateshead, Durham, bootmaker.—N. VENNING, Tiverton, Devonshire, coach-builder.—S. HICKS, Cheltenham, fruiterer.—J. MILLER, Southampton, dealer in toys.—E. BARNARD, Hurstmonceux, Sussex, carpenter.—C. ELLIOTT, Kippax, Yorkshire, grocer.—J. PRICE, Llanwonno, Glamorganshire, butcher.—T. NEKREWES, Bideford.—ANN MATILDA NADEN, Cambridge, schoolmistress.—G. WATKINSON, Edwinstowe, Notts.—J. RADFORD, Newport, Monmouthshire, baker.—A. W. SCOPES, Mistley, Essex, grocer.—F. CAPE, Ilminster, Somersetshire, blacksmith.—J. WHITEHEAD, Leeds, butcher.—T. R. DYSON, Rastrick, Yorkshire, stonemason.—W. FRANKS, Coseley, Staffordshire, miner.—T. CORNFIELD, Coseley, Staffordshire, moulder.—J. STEPHENS, Coseley, Staffordshire, whitesmith.—W. JEFFRIES, Thorpe, Norfolk, wheelwright.—W. CAMPLING, Lakenham, Norfolk, late licensed victualler.—W. LEIGHTON, Shrewsbury.—T. WOODFIN, the Lees, Salop, late licensed victualler.—W. COTTON, Arscott, Salop, brickmaker.—S. BURTON, Leicester, chemist.—J. WHISTON, Leicester, brush manufacturer.—J. JOHNSON, Hackness, Yorkshire, shoemaker.—G. WALKER, Morpeth, Northumberland, butcher.

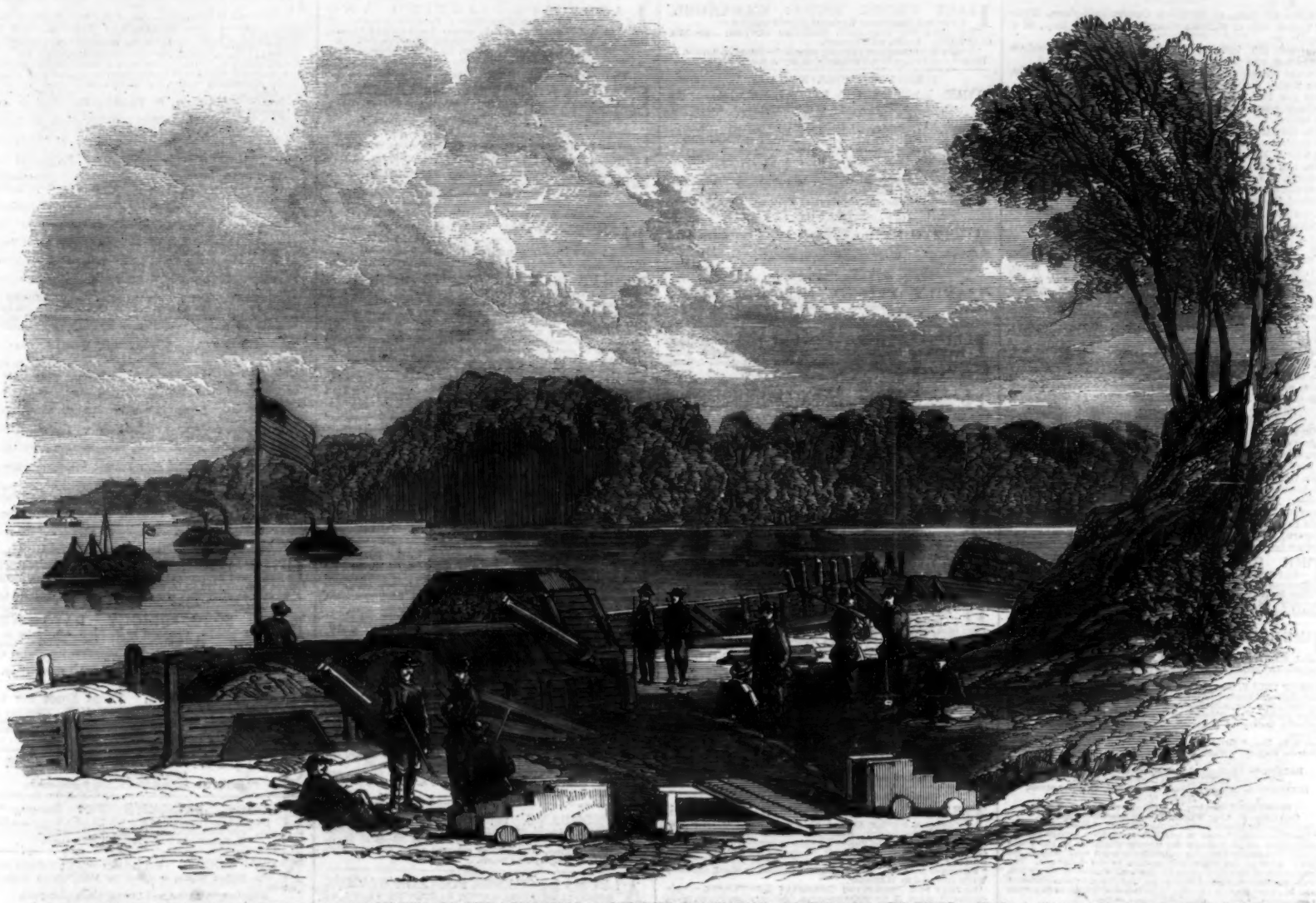
SCOTCH SEQUESTRATIONS.

W. CAIRNS, Langholm, manufacturer.—A. STRUTHERS, Hamilton, draper.—R. WHYTE, Stirling, house carpenter.



THE CHORAL FESTIVAL IN PETERBOROUGH CATHEDRAL.—SEE PAGE 61.

THE CIVIL WAR IN AMERICA.



PORTION OF THE WATER BATTERIES AT FORT PILLOW, ON THE MISSISSIPPI, AFTER THE EVACUATION—LOOKING UP THE RIVER.—FROM A SKETCH BY OUR SPECIAL ARTIST.

MAIN BATTERY AT FORT PILLOW, ON THE MISSISSIPPI, EVACUATED BY THE CONFEDERATES ON THE 5TH OF JUNE.—FROM A SKETCH BY OUR SPECIAL ARTIST.

*** *The charge for the insertion of Births, Marriages, and Deaths, is Five Shillings for each announcement.*

BIRTHS.

On the 4th inst., at 28, Great Cumberland-place, Hyde Park, the wife of William Compton Domvile, Esq., of a daughter.

On the 5th instant, at 53, Eaton-place, Viscountess Castlerosse, of a daughter.

On the 3rd inst., at 35, Hill-street, Berkeley-square, the Lady Emily Walsh, of a son.

On the 2nd inst., at Valence, Kent, the Countess of Norbury, prematurely, of twin sons. One survived only a few hours.

On the 24th ult., at the Château la Boulaye, Brittany, the residence of her father, Sir William Codrington, Bart., the wife of Major Gore, 1st Royal Regiment, of a son.

On the 27th ult., the wife of Major-General R. R. Ricketts, of a son.

On the 4th inst., at Newstead Abbey, Notts, the wife of William Frederick Webb, Esq., of a daughter.

On July 4, at 7, Bellevue-place, Southampton, the wife of Chas. Granger Weller, Esq., of a son.

MARRIAGES.

On the 19th of June, at Sandhurst Church, Kent, by the Rev. William Crawley Brant, M.A., uncle to the bride, assisted by the Rev. George Ridout, M.A., Rector of the parish, the Rev. Richard Holmes Tuck, M.A., Senior Fellow of King's College, Cambridge, and Vicar of Ringwood-cum-Harbridge, Hants, to Catherine Eliza, third surviving daughter of the late Rev. J. George Wrench, D.C.L., Vicar of Salehurst, Sussex.

On the 1st inst., at St. Mary's, Wimbledon, by the Rev. W. H. Haygarth, Incumbent, Henry Trickett, Esq., second son of George Trickett, Esq., of Wimbledon, to Fanny Jane, eldest daughter of Henry Pollard Ashby, Esq., of Wandle Bank House, Surrey.

DEATHS.

On the 30th of June, in the Isle of Alderney, Mary, the widow of George Brocklehurst, of Rochford, Essex, and daughter of John Hornshaw Riley, late of Writtle, Essex, in her 71st year.

On Sunday, the 8th of June, in the Island of St. Croix W. I. (where he had resided forty-two years), George James Mudie, Esq., aged 60 years, deeply and universally lamented. The deceased was a native of London.

On the 3rd inst., at Rutland Gate, Lady Edward Fitzalan Howard, aged 31. R.I.P.

THE STAGE and ELOCUTION.—Mr. FREDERICK WEBSTER (late of the Haymarket Theatre and Professor of Elocution and Extemporaneous Oratory) RECEIVES PUPILS for the STAGE, and undertakes to eradicate speedily and effectually all impediments of speech.—28, Bloomsbury-street, Bedford-square.

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